# S. S. JAIN SUBODH P.G. COLLEGE, JAIPUR

(An Autonomous Institution)



Syllabus for Bachelor of Commerce Honours B.Com. (Honours) E.A.F.M.

Scheme of Examination Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC ADMINISTRATION AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

## S. S. JAIN SUBODH P.G. COLLEGE, JAIPUR

## (An Autonomous Institution)

Department of Economic Administration and Financial Management B.COM. (HONS.) EAFM Scheme of Examinations & Syllabus Session 2023-24

(Semester -I)

Paper No.	Nomenclature of the Paper	Credit	ESE	Internal	Max. Marks	ESE Time(Hrs.)
1.	Business Economics (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3
2.	Banking (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3
3.	Business Environment in India (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3

(Semester - II)

Paper No.	Nomenclature of the Paper	Credit	ESE	Internal	Max. Marks	ESE Time(Hrs.)
1.	Managerial Economics (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3
2.	Public Finance and Financial System in India (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3
3.	Principles of Co-operation (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3

(Semester - III)

Paper No.	Nomenclature of the Paper	Credit	ESE	Internal	Max. Marks	ESE Time(Hrs.)
1.	Economic Environment in India (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3
2.	Financial Management (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3
3.	Structure of Financial Institutions (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3

(Semester - IV)

Paper	Nomenclature of the Paper	Credit	ESE	Internal	Max.	ESE
No.					Marks	Time(Hrs.)
1.	International Trade and Finance (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3
2.	Business Finance (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3
3.	Theory and Practice of Economic Administration (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3

(Semester - V)

Paper No.	Nomenclature of the Paper	Credit	ESE	Internal	Max. Marks	ESE Time(Hrs.)
1.	Rural Development and Co- operation (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3
2.	Business Budgeting (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3
3.	Research Methodology and Statistics (DSE1) or Public finance (DSE2) Or Macro Economic Theory (DSE3)	5	90	35	125	3

#### (Semester - VI)

Paper No.	Nomenclature of the Paper	Credit	ESE	Internal		ESE Time(Hrs.)
1.	Economy of Rajasthan (DSC)	5	90	35	125	3
2.	Project Planning and Control (DSE1) Or Monetary Economics (DSE2) Or Foreign Exchange (DSE3)		90	35	125	3
3.	Project Report presentation & Viva (DSC)	5	-	-	125	-

## S. S. JAIN SUBODH P.G. COLLEGE, JAIPUR

### (An Autonomous Institution)

Department of Economic Administration and Financial Management Examination Pattern & Marking Scheme for B.Com. (Hons.) E.A.F.M Session 2023-2024

Total Time allowed in semester end examination: 3 hrs

Total End Sem. Exam	90
<b>Internal Assessment</b>	35
Maximum Marks	125
Minimum Marks	50

#### **Examination Question Paper Pattern for all Semester Exams**

### **Attempt all questions**

I 9 Questions (very short answer questions)	9 * 2 Mark		18
II 6 Questions (short answer questions)	6 * 4 Mark		24
III 3 Questions (1 question /unit with inter-	nal choice)	3 * 16 Marks	48

#### PROGRAMME NAME: B.COM. (HONOURS)

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES OF BACHELOR OF COMMERCE (HONOURS) B.COM. (HONS.) (PO'S):

- 1. Deep Understanding of Accounting Issues Related to Business
- 2. Understanding of General Business Functions Impacting Organization
- 3. Interpersonal and Communication Skills
- 4. Understanding Ethical, Social Sustainable Business Issues
- 5. Developing Entrepreneurship Acumen
- 6. To make the students comprehend, the latest offerings and the day to day operations in Banking & Insurance

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOME OF B.COM. (H): B.COM. (HONS.) E.A.F.M.

B.COM. (HONOURS) E.A.F.M. PSO'S:

After accomplishing the B.Com. (H) E.A.F.M. degree, the students acquire the in-depth knowledge of the programme specific stream along with the following advantages:

- 1. It gives students theoretical and application-based knowledge in the banking and financial sector and analytical skills to work with various financial tools, such as regulatory agencies and global markets.
- 2. Enables students to understand the primary functions of government like revenue, expenditure, debt and helps to analyze budget.
- 3. Provides students with the tools to understand the underlying concepts and practical tradeoffs entailed in public finance policy alternatives.
- 4. The student may crack the bank exams like Bank Provisionary Officer, Insurance Divisional or Regional Officer.
- 5. Provides knowledge of long term investment decisions, planning and risk analysis due to which the students may start their own business or make project on new start ups.
- 6. Students may prove themselves in different professional exams like C.A., C S, CMA, ICMA, Economic Administration, Policy Making, Export-Import handling etc.
- 7. The students may become the Managers in various business firms.
- 8. The students by preparation can turn into Managers, Accountants, Management Accountants, Cost Accountant, Bank Managers, Auditors, Teacher, Professor, Stock Agents, Government employees, Financial Advisors etc.

### S. S. JAIN SUBODH P.G. COLLEGE, JAIPUR

(An Autonomous Institution)

**B.Com.** (Honours) E.A.F.M.

**Examination Scheme & Syllabus** 

#### **Contents:**

- 1. Eligibility
- 2. Semester Structure
- 3. Scheme of Examination
- 4. Course Details
- 5. Course Outcomes

### **Eligibility:**

10+2 with 50% from Rajasthan Board/ CBSE in Rajasthan State or 60% from CBSE or any other equivalent recognized Board from other State.

### **Semester Structure:**

The whole course has been divided into six semesters. The details of the course with code, title and the credits assigned are as given below.

### **Abbreviations Used:**

#### **Course Category**

**DSC:** Discipline Specific Core

**DSCP: Discipline Specific Core Practical** 

**DSE: Discipline Specific Elective** 

**DSEP: Discipline Specific Elective Practical** 

**GE**: General Elective

**AEC: Ability Enhancement Course** 

**AECC: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course** 

**SEC: Skill Enhancement Course** 

**SEM: Seminar** 

**PRJ: Project Work** 

**RP: Research Publication** 

### **Contact Hours**

L: Lecture T: Tutorial

P: Practical or Other S: Self Study

The medium of instruction and examination shall be Hindi/English.

# B.COM. (H) EAFM FIRST SEMESTER

Level	Course Title	Course Category	Credit	Total Hours	Hours		t ESE Duration (Hrs.)		ESE Marking Scheme		
				L	T	P	Theory	P	ESE	Internal	Total
	I Business Economics	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
5	II Banking	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	•	90	35	125
	III Business Environment in India	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125

# B.COM. (H) EAFM SECOND SEMESTER

Level	Course Title	Course Category	Credit	Total Hours			ESE Duration (Hrs.)		ESE Marking Scheme		eme
				L	T	P	Theory	P	ESE	Internal	Total
5	I Managerial Economics	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
	II Public Finance and Financial System in India	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
	III Principles of Cooperation	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125

#### B.COM. (H) EAFM THIRD SEMESTER

Level	Course Title	Course Category	Credit	Tota Con Hou	tact		ESE Duration (Hrs.)		ESE Marking Scheme		heme
				L	T	P	Theory	P	ESE	Internal	Total
6	I Economic Environment in India	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
	II Financial Management	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
	III Structure of Financial Institutions	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125

# B.COM. (H) EAFM FOURTH SEMESTER

Level	Course Title	Course Category	Credit	Con	Contact		ESE Duration (Hrs.)		ESE Marking Scheme		
				L	T	P	Theory	P	ESE	Internal	Total
	I International Trade and Finance	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
6	II Business Finance	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
	III Theory and Practice of Economic Administration	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125

#### B.COM. (H) EAFM FIFTH SEMESTER

Level	Course Title	Course	Credit	Tota	l		ESE		ESE M	arking Sche	me
		Category		Cont	act		Duration	n			
				Hours			(Hrs.)				
				L	T	P	Theory	P	ESE	Internal	Total
	I Rural Development and Co-operation	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
	II Business Budgeting	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
7	III E1- Research Methodology and Statistics	DSE <sub>1</sub>	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
	or III E2- Public Finance	DSE <sub>2</sub>	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
	or III E3- Macro Economic Theory	DSE <sub>3</sub>	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125
		DSE <sub>4</sub>	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	125

<sup>\*</sup> Student may choose one theory Elective out of DSE<sub>1</sub>, DSE<sub>2</sub>, & DSE<sub>3</sub> as Paper Third

#### B.COM. (H) EAFM SIXTH SEMESTER

Level	Course Title	Course Category	Credit	Tot Hou		ontact	ESE Duration (Hrs.)	1	ESE I	Marking Sc	heme	
				L	T	P	Theory	P	ESE	Internal	Project Report & Viva	Total
	I Economy of Rajasthan	DSC	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	-	125
	II E1- Project Planning and Control or	DSE1	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	-	125
7	II E2- Monetary Economics or	DSE2	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	-	125
	II E3- Foreign Exchange	DSE3	5	75	-	-	3	-	90	35	-	125
	III Project Report Presentation & Viva	DSC	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125	125

<sup>\*\*</sup> Student may choose one theory Elective out of DSE<sub>1</sub>, DSE<sub>2</sub> & DSE<sub>3</sub> as Paper Second (II)

\*\*\*\*\*\*Department will offer elective courses based on options submitted by students and availability of Faculty to teach the course.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Project Report along with viva-voce is mandatory

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Project Report and viva-voce will carry 5 credits

### **Theory Elective Courses**

Paper Title	Semester in which course will be available
III E <sub>1</sub> . Research Methodology and Statistics	B.Com.(H) EAFM, Sem V
III E <sub>2</sub> . Public Finance	B.Com.(H) EAFM, Sem V
III E <sub>3.</sub> Macro Economic Theory	B.Com.(H) EAFM, Sem V
II E <sub>1</sub> - Project Planning and Control	B.Com.(H) EAFM, Sem VI
II E2- Monetary Economics	B.Com.(H) EAFM, Sem VI
II E <sub>3</sub> - Foreign Exchange	B.Com.(H) EAFM, Sem VI

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## S. S. Jain Subodh P.G. College

# (An Autonomous Institution) <u>SYLLABUS</u>

# Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management B.Com. (H) EAFM Semester: I

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Business Economics** 

Paper: I

#### **Objectives:**

- 1. The objective of this course is to develop a logical understanding of the role of business economics in the decision-making process and recognize the influence of economic variables on business operations, strategies, and outcomes.
- 2. To acquaint the students with concepts and techniques used in Micro & Macro Economic theory and to enable them to apply this knowledge in Business decision-making.

#### **Syllabus:**

#### **UNIT-I**

Introduction to business economics: Definition, Meaning, Nature and Scope. Difference between economics and business economics, Role of business economics in formulation of business policies. Significance of micro and macro economics in business decisions .

#### **UNIT-II**

Demand Analysis, Law of Demand, elasticity of demand and its measurement. Supply and Law of Supply, Elasticity of supply.

Utility: Cardinal and Ordinal approaches (elementary) Consumer's Surplus.

Consumer's Equilibrium.

#### **UNIT-III**

**Production function.** 

Law of variable proportions, returns to scale, producer's equilibrium.

Theories of Firm: Baumol's model of Sales revenue maximization, Marris theory of managerial enterprise and Williamson's theory of managerial discretion.

- D.M. Mithani: Fundamentals of business and managerial economics, Himalaya Publishing House.
- Mote and Paul and Gupta: Managerial Economics, TATA McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- Ahuja, H.L.: Managerial Economics, S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- B.P. Gupta: Vyavsayik Arthashastra (Hindi), Malik and Company, Jaipur.
- Agarwal and Agarwal: Vyavsayik Arthshastra, (Hindi) Ramesh Book Depot., Jaipur.
- M. D. Agarwal and Som Deo: Business Economics, Ramesh Book Depot, Jaipur.
- Dwivedi D. N., Managerial Economics, Vikas Publications, Delhi.
- N. D. Mathur : Business Economics
- Saraswat-Lodha: Business Economics
- Sloman: Economics for Business
- बी.पी. गुप्ता : व्यावसायिक अर्थषास्त्र
- अग्रवाल, सोमदेव : व्यावसायिक अर्थषास्त्र
- माथुर, गुप्ता, एवं आभा मोहन : व्यावसायिक अर्थषास्त्र

#### **Learning Outcome of the Course:**

- 1. Graduate students will develop a solid understanding of how micro economic analysis can inform and enhance decision-making in the context of business operations, strategy, and planning.
- 2. Business economic course would enhance logical and practical thinking process among the students, including the ability to understand economic policies and theories in reference to persisting problems and help them to make intelligent decisions.

# Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management Semester: I

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

Course Title: Banking

Paper: II

#### **Objectives:**

- To provide the basic knowledge of Indian Banking system and banking institutions to make the student aware about banking services and facilities in India.
- The objective of this course is to provide an overview of the organisational structure, functions, and importance of the banking system in India.

#### **Syllabus:**

#### **UNIT-I**

Banking: definition and functions, methods of credit creation, commercial banking in India, Asset and liability management of commercial banks.

#### **UNIT-II**

A Study of RBI, Monetary policy, A Study of NABARAD and RRB, Recent trends in Indian Banking (E-banking, Innovative banking), Concept of demonetization.

#### **UNIT-III**

Salient features of Banking Regulation Act, Relationship between banker and customer, Negotiable instruments, Cheques, bills of exchange and promissory notes.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- Vasant Desai: Indian Banking Nature and Problems, Himalaya Publishing House, Delhi.
- Natarajan S, Parameshwaran R: "Indian Banking", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- Varshney, P.N.: Indian Financial System, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.
- Khan, M.Y.: Indian Financial System, Tata McGraw Hill, Delhi.
- Bhole L.M.: Financial Markets and Institutions, Tata McGraw Hill, Delhi.
- J.K. Tandon and T.N. Mathur Banking And Finance, Shivam Book House (P) Ltd., Jaipur (Hindi and English Version)
- Vashitha, Swami, Gupta: Banking and Finance, Ramesh Book Depot, Jaipur.
- Kansal, Chaudhary, Rathore: Banking & Finance
- Gupta, Swami: Banking & Finance
- Khanna, Tiwari, & Jain : Banking & Finance
- कंसल चौधरीः बैंकिंग एवं वित्त
- टंडन, माथुर : बैंकिग एवं वित्त
- गुप्ता, स्वामी एवं विषष्ठ : बैंकिंग एवं वित्त
- खन्ना, तिवारी एवं जैन : बैंकिग एवं वित्त
- दीपक अग्रवाल : मुद्रा, बैंकिंग, लोक वित्त एवं अर्न्तराष्ट्रीय व्यापार

#### **Learning Outcome of the Course:**

- Students can gain a holistic understanding of the Indian banking system, its functioning, and its role in driving economic growth and financial inclusion in the country.
- Students will gain an understanding of the recent developments in the Indian financial sector and the challenges faced by the sector such as NPAs and cyber frauds.

Bachelor of Commerce (Honours)
Economic Administration and Financial Management
Semester: I

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Business Environment in India** 

Paper: III

#### **Objectives:**

- To develop an understanding for demographic and environmental factors affecting business.
- To create awareness about various government policies, institutions and their role in business.

**Syllabus:** 

#### Unit - I

Business Environment: Meaning Nature, Significance, Factors affecting Business Environment, types of Business Environment-Internal and External Environment, Environmental Analysis-Concept, Importance and Limitations, Techniques of Environmental Analysis-SWOT, PEST, 5-Force Model.

#### Unit – II

Political Environment: Functions of the State, Economic Roles of the Government, Rationale and Extent of State Intervention.

Economic environment: Basic Economic System, Nature & Features of Economy: Capitalism, Socialism and Mixed Economy, Merits and Demerits.

Planning in India: Planning Commission and NITI Aayog.

#### Unit – III

Socio Cultural Environment: Social Responsibilities of Business, Corporate Governance, Social Responsibility, Social Stakeholders, Business Ethics, Role of Business in Environmental Pollution

Financial Environment: Money Market -Meaning, Characteristics, Instruments and Drawback, Capital Market - Meaning, Instruments, Advantages and Disadvantages

- K. Aswathappa: Essentials of Business Environment, Himalaya Publishing House
- Francis Cherunilam : Business Environment, Himalaya Publishing House
- Sankaran, S.: Business Environment, Margham Publications
- S.K. Mishra and V.K. Puri: Economic Environment of Business, HPH
- Joshi, Rosy and Sangam: Business Environment, Kalyanai Publications
- Fernando, A.C.: Business Environment, Pearson
- Krishna Murali, V.: Business Environment; Spectrum Publications Gopal 8. Namitha, Business Environment, McGraw Hill
- Rangarajan, C.A.; Perspective in Economics, S.Chand & Sons, New Delhi
- Cherunilam, Francis; Business Environment Text and Cases, Himalaya Publishing House.

#### **Learning Outcomes of the Course:**

- Students will develop the ability to understand impact of various environmental factors on business.
- Awareness regarding the social responsibility, understanding of industrial policies and a comprehensive view of economic planning in India

# Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management Semester: II

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Managerial Economics** 

Paper: I

#### **Objectives:**

- Assist in making decisions on the various areas that affect business. It can include risk management, manufacturing, pricing, and investment.
- Implement devices that measure the broad scale of a company's financial goals.

#### **Syllabus:**

#### **UNIT-I**

Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics.

Major concepts of costs, Revenue Analysis

Price and output determination under different market structures, Perfect competition, Monopoly,

Discriminating Monopoly, Imperfect competition, Oligopoly.

#### **UNIT-II**

Marginal productivity theory of distribution.

**Pricing of Multiple Products.** 

Factor pricing: Determination of Rent, Wages, Interest, Profit.

#### **UNIT-III**

National Income analysis: Concepts and Measurement, national income and economic welfare. Green national Income.

Business cycles- theories and phases. Measures to check business cycles.

• Agarwal : Managerial Economics

• Petersen, Jain: Managerial Economics

• Varshney, Maheshwari : Managerial Economics

• Saraswat, Lodha: Business Economics

• Agarwal Somdeo: Business Economics

N.D. Mathur : Business EconomicsH.L. Ahuja : Managerial Economics

• बी.पी. गुप्ता : व्यावसायिक अर्थशास्त्र

• अग्रवाल, सोमदवे : व्यावसायिक अर्थशास्त्र

• टी.टी. सेठी : मक्रो अर्थशास्त्र

सिंह, शर्मा, चौधरी : प्रबन्धकीय अर्थशास्त्र

#### **Learning Outcome of the Course**

- Graduate students will develop a solid understanding of how economic analysis can inform and enhance decision-making in the context of business operations, strategy, and planning.
- Managerial economic course would enhance logical and practical thinking process among the students, including the ability to understand economic policies and theories in reference to persisting problems and help them to make intelligent decisions.

# Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management Semester: II

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Public Finance and Financial System in India** 

Paper: II

#### **Objectives:**

- The objectives of public finance are managing public funds, economic development, eliminating inequality, retaining price stability, satisfying the nation's fundamental needs, and managing the currency value in the international market.
- Public finance is the method to manage the public funds in the nation's economy. It plays a vital role in the nation's growth and development, domestically and internationally. It influences the nation's citizen and non-citizen stakeholders.

**Syllabus:** 

#### **UNIT-I**

Public Finance -definition, meaning, scope, importance, nature, Public expenditure, Canons of Public expenditure, Canons of taxation, Centre state finance financial relations.

#### **UNIT-II**

**Fiscal policy** 

Financial system: functions, major issues in Indian Financial system.

Financial sector reforms in India.

#### **UNIT-III**

Financial Market: money market, capital market, foreign exchange market.

Financial Instruments: treasury bills, certificate of deposits, commercial papers, currency option, credit card.

- Gupta, Swami: Indian Banking & Finance System in India
- Khanna, Tiwar, Jain: Banking & Finance
- R.C. Agarwal: Pubic Finance
- S.K. Singh: Public Finance, Theory & Practice
- Varshney, D.K. Mittal: Indian Financial System
- गुप्ता, स्वामी वशिष्ठ : भारतीय बैंकिंग एवं वित्त व्यवस्था
- खन्ना, तिवारी, जैन : बैंकिग एवं वित्त
- जाट, तिवाड़ी, कन्सल : बैंकिंग एवं वित्त
- टण्डन, माथुर : बैंकिग एवं वित्त
- जे.सी. पन्त : राजस्व
- जाट, तिवाड़ी, कन्सल : भारतीय बैंकिंग एवं वित्त व्यवस्था

#### **Learning Outcome of the Course:**

- Develop comprehensive understanding of theories of public expenditure and their application.
- Thoroughly comprehend concepts and theories related to Public policy and rational choice.

# Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management Semester: II

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Principles of Co-operation** 

Paper: III

#### **Objectives:**

- To enable the students to understand the basics of cooperation and development of cooperatives in India
- To provide the knowledge about the Rajasthan State co-operative organisations.

#### **Syllabus:**

#### **UNIT-I**

Concept of Co-operation, Principles of Co-operation, An evaluation of co-operative principles and modifications there in from time to time, Co-operation v/s Capitalism and Socialism.

#### **UNIT-II**

Origin of Co-operative movement, Brief history in India and Abroad, Co-operative movement in Rajasthan.

Co-operative Marketing, Consumers and Industrial Co-operatives.

#### **UNIT-III**

State and cooperation.

A study of Rajasthan State Co-operative Bank. (Apex Co-op. Bank) and RAJFED.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- B.S. Mathur: Co-operation in india.
- R.D. Bedi: Theory Historyand Practice of Co-operation.
- F.R. Fay: co-operation at Home and Abroad.
- B.S. Mathur: SAHKARITA
- B.P. Gupta: SAHKARITA KE SIDDHANT ANVUM VYAVHAAR
- B.P. Gupta: Rural Development and Co-Operation
- V. Sharda: The Theory of Co-operation.

Learning Outcomes of the Course:							
•	s in identifying the practice of co-operative education and training as well as utional arrangements made for cooperatives.						
• Helps in recognizing the universally accepted principles of the co-operative enterp with a background history.							

# Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management Semester: III

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Economic Environment in India** 

Paper: I

#### **Objectives:**

- The objectives of this subject are managing public funds, economic development, eliminating inequality, retaining price stability, satisfying the nation's fundamental needs, and managing the currency value in the national and international market.
- This subject helps to manage the public funds in the nation's economy. It plays a vital role in the nation's growth and development, domestically and internationally. It influences the nation's citizen and non-citizen stakeholders.

**Syllabus:** 

#### **UNIT-I**

Economic Environment: Meaning, factors affecting Economic Environment, Basic features and problems of Indian Economy, Agriculture Policy, Industrial Policy, EXIM Policy.

#### **UNIT-II**

History of Indian Economic Planning, National Institution for Transforming India, Significance of agriculture in Indian Economy.

#### **UNIT-III**

Industrial growth in India and prospects, Role of small scale industries.

Globalization, liberalization, privatization, Impact of LPG on Indian Economy.

- Gupta, Swami, Vashistha: Economic Environment in India
- N.D. Mathur: Economic Environment in India
- Francis Cherunilam : Business Environment
- Shaikh: Business Environment
- गुप्ता, स्वामी वशिष्ठ : भारत में आर्थिक पर्यावरण
- जाट, भिण्डा, वशिष्ठ, : भारत में आर्थिक पर्यावरण
- एम.पी. सिंह : आर्थिक विकास एवं नियोजन

#### **Learning Outcome of the Course:**

- ullet Develop comprehensive understanding of theories of economic environment and their application.
- Thoroughly comprehend concepts and theories related to economic environment.

### **Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management** Semester: III

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Financial Management** 

Paper: II

#### **Objectives:**

- To impart knowledge on how to increase the efficiency of an organization by providing it with the necessary information to make informed decisions. This helps make sure that the organization uses its resources in the most efficient way possible.
- To help an organization maximize profits by providing it with tools for analyzing its costs and revenues, which allows it to determine whether its pricing is appropriate for the market or not. It can also help determine when it should increase or decrease production based on demand for its product or service.

#### **Syllabus:**

#### UNIT-I

Financial Management: Meaning, Scope, Importance, Role and Responsibility of Financial manager Analysis and Interpretation of Financial Statements, Ratio Analysis: Liquidity, Profitability, Leverage and Activity Ratios.

#### **UNIT-II**

Fund Flow Analysis: Changes in Working Capital, Funds from operations, Fund Flow Statement.

Cost-Volume Profit Analysis: P/V Ratio, Break even Analysis, Margin of Safety.

Capitalization: Capital Structure, Trading on Equity.

#### **UNIT-III**

Management of Working Capital: Determinates, Sources and Analysis of Working Capital, Estimating of Working Capital Requirements, Financial and operating Leverage.

• Agarwal, Agarwal: Financial Management

• M.R. Agarwal : Financial Management

• Ravi M. Kishore : Financial Management

• Prasannchandra: Financial Management

• R.P. Rustagi: Financial Management

• Khan, Jain: Financial Management

• I.M. Pandey: Financial Management

अग्रवाल, अग्रवाल : वित्तीय प्रबन्ध

• एम.आर. अग्रवाल : वित्तीय प्रबन्ध

#### **Learning Outcome of the Course:**

- Helps in achieving efficiency by reducing costs, maintaining a high level of output, reducing time lags between inputs and outputs, and ensuring the financial manager's objectives are met.
- One of the important outcomes of financial management is to aim at monitoring the liquidity within the company.

## **Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management**

Semester: III

**CIA 35** 

End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Structure of Financial Institutions.** 

Paper: III

Time: 3 hrs.

#### **Objectives:**

- To provide an overview of Indian financial institutions and their regulatory authorities.
- To dissipate the organizational and working knowledge of various International institutions like World Bank, Asian Development bank, IBRD etc. along with their functions and significance.

#### **Syllabus:**

#### **UNIT I**

Concept of financial institution, types of financial institution, regulatory institution financial intermediaries, non financial intermediaries others.

#### **UNIT II**

Institutional structure - Indian financial institution ,Development banks - IFCI , ICICI, SFCs, IDBI; Investment institution – UTI and other mutual funds, Insurance organization - LIC, GIC

#### **UNIT III**

International financial institution: organization, management, and working of international financialinstitution – IMF, IBRD, IDF, ADB.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- Gupta, L.C.: Changing structure of Industrial Finance in India
- Vasant Desai: Development Banking in India
- **B.K.** Choudary: Finance of Foreign Trade and Foreign Exchange
- M.C. Vaish: International Economics
- बरला अग्रवाल : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय अर्थषास्त्र

#### **Learning Outcomes of the Course:**

- The students become familiar with the organizational set up of various national and international financial institutions.
- This course inculcates the aptitude of managing or working in a financial institution of national /international repute.

# Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management Semester: IV

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: International Trade and Finance** 

Paper: I

#### **Objectives:**

- To spread the knowledge about profit earning by selling as much as possible products and services to collect the maximum revenue. International trade caters to this very objective. Access to international markets, there results in an expansion in the consumer base of a company's products or services.
- In order to satisfy the growing demand for products on the part of foreign markets, companies need to be accompanied by policies that provide support for their export processes, which is partially satisfied by this paper.

#### **Syllabus:**

#### UNIT – I

Preliminary Introduction to International Trade Theories, (Comparative Cost Theory and Modern Theory), Terms of Trade: Balance of Trade V/s Balance of payments, Causes of disequilibrium and their remedial measures. Dumping.

#### UNIT - II

Bretton woods Institutions: IBRD and its affiliates, IMF, WTO.

#### UNIT – III

Documentary Credit (L.Cs.), Euro and Euro-Currency Market: Extent, Significance and Operation, Free Trade Zones.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- S.K. Mathur: International Trade & Finance
- Rakesh Mohan Joshi : International Business
- R. Sharma: International Economics
- टी.एन. माथुर, ममता जैन : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय बैंकिंग
- एच.एस. अग्रवाल, सी.एस. बरला : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय अर्थशास्त्र
- जे.के. टण्डन : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय व्यापार एवं वित्त

Learning	Outcome of the Course:			
• Develop comprehensive understanding of theories of International Trade and Finance and their applications.				
• Thoroug Finance.	thly comprehend concepts and theor	ries related to International Tra	de and	

# Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management Semester: IV

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Business Finance** 

Paper: II

#### **Objectives:**

- It enhances the ability to identify ethical dilemmas within the finance setting;
- An appreciation for socially responsible actions with respect to financial decisions.

#### **Syllabus:**

#### **UNIT-I**

Financial Analysis: Meaning, Objectives, Importance and Limitations.

Financial planning and Forecasting.

Capital expenditure and Investment ranking techniques, Practical application of Payback. Capital expenditure and Investment ranking techniques, Practical application of Payback. Average Rate of Return and Discounted cash flow (Time-adjusted) Techniques, Present value, Net present value, Profitability index, Cost-Benefit analysis, Relation between Internal Rate of return and Terminal value method.

#### **UNIT-II**

**Cash Flow Statement: Operating, Investing and Financing Activities.** (AS-3 Method)

Management of Receivables and Cash. and inventory management.

#### **UNIT-III**

Cost of Capital and its Computation.

Dividend policies.

Sources of Finance: Short Term, Medium Term and Long Term.

• Agarwal, Agarwal: Financial Management

• M.R. Agarwal : Financial Management

• Ravi M. Kishore: Financial Management

• Prasannchandra: Financial Management

• R.P. Rustagi: Financial Management

• Khan, Jain: Financial Management

• I.M. Pandey: Financial Management

• अग्रवाल, अग्रवाल : वित्तीय प्रबन्ध

• एम.आर. अग्रवाल : वित्तीय प्रबन्ध

#### **Learning Outcome of the Course:**

- Present, discuss, and defend financial decisions by using appropriate terminology.
- To finance professionals through the development of interpersonal and teamwork skills.

# Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management Semester: IV

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Theory and Practice of Economic Administration** 

Paper: III

#### **Objectives:**

- The objective of this course is to make the students aware about the concept of Economic Administration, its nature, planning, organisation and machinery for its formulation and implementation.
- To provide a comprehensive understanding of the financial budget preparation process.

#### **Syllabus:**

#### **UNIT-I**

The Concept of Economic Administration: Nature, Scope, Objectives and Techniques of Economic Administration and Constitutional provisions in India.

Planning, Organization and Administration: Machinery for the Formulation, Implementation, Supervision, Co-ordination and National Institution for Transforming India (NITI AAYOG): Organization and Administration.

#### **UNIT-II**

Economic Policies and Planning: meaning, objectives, Instruments and dimensions of Economic Policies.

Administration of present Economic policies Recent trends in Economic Planning Economic Disparities in India. Instruments of state regulation of economic Administration.

#### **UNIT-III**

The Concept of Financial Administration and Budget Administration: Scope, Process, Importance and principles of Financial and Budget Administration. Efficiency in Financial Administration.

Centre, State and local Finances: their suggestions and recommendations for reforms.

• R.C. Agarwal: Economics of Development and Planning

• B.L. Mathur: Economic Policy and Administration

• B.P.Gupta: Economic Planning.

• मिश्र, पुरी : भारतीय अर्थव्यवस्था

• ए.एन. अग्रवाल : भारतीय अर्थव्यवस्था

• रुद्र दत्त, सुन्दरम : भारतीय अर्थव्यवस्था

• ए.पी. सिंह : आर्थिक विकास एवं नियोजन

• बी.एल. माथुर : आर्थिक नीति एवं प्रशासन

• पी.एन. गौतम : वित्त प्रशासन

#### **Learning Outcomes of Course:**

- Students get an overview of Economic and Financial administrative machinery of the Nation.
- An insight of NITI Aayog and recent trends in Economic Administration of India has been displayed.

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Rural Development and Co-operation.** 

Paper: I

## **Objectives:**

• Contributing in plan formation for improving the quality of life of the rural population.

To make the students understand the problems of rural people.

## **Syllabus:**

## **UNIT-I**

Concept and significance of Rural Development. Strategy of rural development: current issues. Rural Development administration: rural development agencies. Village level, block level and district level Administration of rural development. District rural development agencies.

## **UNIT-II**

Rural Development Programmes: Tribal Welfare, woman and child development.

Rural Marketing: Nature, characteristics and the potential of rural marketing in India Agriculture price determination and commodity Trading.

### **UNIT-III**

Concept of Co-Operation. Principles of Co-Operation, Co-Operative movement in Rajasthan. Co Operative Marketing, Consumers Co-Operative. A study of Apex Co-Operative Bank and RAJFED.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- Gupta, Swami: Rural Development & Co-operation
- C.M. Choudhary: Rural Development & Co-operation
- Ruddar Dutt Sundaram : Indian Economy
- T.N. Hazela: Principles, Problems, Practice of Co-operation
- Agarwal, Mathur, Gupta: Co-operative Thought & Rural Development
- Kunsal: Co-operative in India & Abroad
- सी.एम. चौधरी : ग्रामीण विकास एवं सहकारिता
- गुप्ता स्वामी : ग्रामीण विकास एवं सहकारिता
- एन.एल. अग्रवाल : भारत मे कृषि का अर्थशास्त्र

- Provides information about opportunities for employment in rural India.
- To provide an overview of various programmes and schemes of government for clean water, education facilities, electricity and proper communication.

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Business Budgeting** 

Paper: II

## **Objectives:**

- To provide the knowledge of Fund allocation process.
- The passed out graduates get an in depth knowledge of the Budget formulation and implementation procedure of the nation.

## **Syllabus:**

## **UNIT-I**

Business Budgets and Budgeting: meaning, nature, objectives, advantages and limitations of budgets and budgeting, budget terminology, preparation of budget, budget coordination, essentials of an effective budgeting.

Types of Budgets: fixed and flexible budget, functional budgets: master budget, sales budget, production budget, cost of production budget, direct material budget, direct labour budget and overhead budget.

### **UNIT-II**

Business forecasting: meaning, theories, importance and limitations of business forecasting.

Techniques and tools of business forecasting. Essentials of business forecasting.

Performance Budgeting: The concept, Evolution and its applicability to Government and business with special reference to India. Steps in the preparation of Performance Budgets, limitations of performance budgeting in India.

Budgeting control. Budgetary control: meaning, characteristics, objectives and benefits of budgetary control. Budgetary Control v/s standard costing. Sales variance, material variance, labour variance.

### **UNIT-III**

Cash budgeting: meaning, importance, and forms of cash budget, preparation of cash budget.

Zero Base Budgeting.

Reporting to management and Information System: External reporting of security markets.

Government (Planners/Policy-Matters) and other agencies, Preparation of various performance, reports for presentation to various levels of management, Timeliness, Reliability and Relevance of such reports and their Practical applications. (15 Hrs)

## **Suggested Readings:**

- Agarwal, Vijay, Surolia: Business Budgeting
- M.R. Agarwal : Business Budgeting
- अग्रवाल, विजय, सुरोलिया : व्यावसायिक बजटन
- एम.आर. अग्रवाल : व्यावसायिक बजटन

- Students become capable of formulation and preparation of Budgets.
- The efficiency of controlling the production costs and managing the expenditures and revenues is acquired by the aspirants.

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Research Methodology and Statistics** 

Paper: III  $E_1$  (DSE1)

## **Objectives:**

- To develop a scientific and practical approach towards various issues related to economy, humans or science.
- To make the students aware of the report writing and develop the confidence of presentations.

## **Syllabus:**

## Unit I

Fundamentals of Research: Concept, Scope, Objectives, Research Process, Types, Significance, Research Design: Meaning, components, Need and characteristics of a good research design, Types: Exploratory Research Design, Descriptive Research Design and Hypothesis-testing Research design. Data Collection: Concept, Types of Data, Methods of Collection of Primary and Secondary Data.

## **Unit II**

Sample Design: Meaning, Process, Types of Sampling: Probability, Non-Probability Sampling, Sample Distribution, Determination of Sample size. Hypothesis: Concept of Hypothesis, Qualities of a good Hypothesis. Measures of Central Tendency: Arithmetic Mean, Median, Mode, Quartiles, Uses and Limitations of Measures of Central Tendency.

### Unit III

Measures of Dispersion: Meaning and Significance, Absolute and Relative Measures of Dispersion, Range, Co-efficient of Range, Quartile Deviation, Co-efficient of Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation, Co-efficient of Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Co-efficient of Standard Deviation and Co-efficient of Variation. Uses and Interpretation of Measures of Dispersion. Correlation: Meaning and Significance, Scatter Diagram, Karl Pearson's Co- efficient of Correlation between two Variable: Grouped and Ungrouped Data, Coefficient of Correlation of Spearman's Rank Differences Method and Concurrent Deviation Method, Report Writing.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- Young, P.V., Scientific Social Surveys and Research, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- Saunders, Lewis, Thorn hill, Research Methods for Business Students, Pearson Education, Tamil Nadu.
- J.F. Rummel and W.C. Ballainc, Research Methodology in Business, Harper and Row, New York.
- Chawla & Sondhi Research Methodology: Concepts and cases, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Rao, K.V., Research Methodology, Tata McGraw Hill Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Kothari C.R., Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi
- Sarangi, Prashant, Research Methodology, Taxmann Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- एल. एन. कोली: रिसर्च मेथोडोलॉजी, वाय. के. पब्लिशर्स, आगरा.

- Helps to interpret the concepts of business research with its significance.
- Helps in Appraisal of the methods of data collection and sampling.

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Public Finance** 

Paper: III E<sub>2</sub> (DSE2)

## **Objectives:**

- To control the expenses of earning money and providing goods and services to the general population.
- To discover the most effective way to allocate resources to accomplish government objectives

**Syllabus:** 

## **UNIT-I**

Public Finance -definition, meaning, scope, importance, nature, Difference between public and private finance, Components of Public Finance.

## **UNIT-II**

Public expenditure, Canons of Public expenditure its Effects on production, major trends of Public expenditure, the Principal of maximum social advantage

## **UNIT-III**

Taxation, Canons of Taxation, Effect of Taxation and social justice, Sources of revenue, Recent trends in Indirect taxation with reference to GST regime.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- Gupta, Swami: Banking & Finance
- Khanna, Tiwar, Jain: Banking & Finance
- R.C. Agarwal: Pubic Finance
- S.K. Singh: Public Finance, Theory & Practice
- गुप्ता, स्वामी वशिष्ठ : बैंकिंग एवं वित्त
- खन्ना, तिवारी, जैन : बैंकिंग एवं वित्त
- जाट, तिवाडी, कन्सल : बैंकिंग एवं वित्त
- टण्डन, माथुर : बैंकिंग एवं वित्त
- जे.सी. पन्त : राजस्व

apj • It t	It develops a comprehensive understanding of theories of public expenditure and their application.  It thoroughly comprehend concepts and theories related to Public policy and rational conceptualization.					

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Macro Economic Theory** 

Paper: III E<sub>3</sub> (DSE3)

## **Objectives:**

- To disseminate the knowledge about the working of the macro economics and various propounded theories.
- To make a clear view of generation of business cycles and their impact on the economy and the methods with the help of which these can be curbed.

## **Syllabus:**

### **UNIT-I**

Macro Economics- Meaning, Definition, Nature, Scope, Importance and Limitations and Types of Macro Economics-Macro Static, Macro Dynamic and Comparative Static, Concept of circular flow of Income.

## **UNIT-II**

Classical Theory of Employment- A study of complete classical model, Say's Law, Criticism of classical theory.

Keynesian theory of Employment and Output-Aggregate Supply, Aggregate Demand, EffectiveDemand, Comparison between Classical and Keynesian contribution.

## **UNIT-III**

Concept of Multiplier and Accelerator – Working of Multiplier, Assumptions of Multiplier, Leakages of Multiplier, Significance and Limitation of Multiplier. Inflation – Introduction, Meaning, Inflationary Gap, Effects and Control of Inflation. Business Cycles – Meaning and Nature, Phases of Business Cycle – Recovery,

Prosperity, Recession, Depression and Trough.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- Macro Economic analysis Edward Shapiro, Galgotia Publication, Delhi
- Macro Economic theory M.L. Seth, Laxmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra
- Macro economic Theory M.C. Vaish, Wishwa Prakashan, New Delhi
- Macro Economic Theory, H.L.Ahuja, S.Chand& Sons Publication, Delhi
- Dipsey R.G and Cheystal, Principles of Economy, Oxford University Press
- Macro Economics: N.D. Mathur & Meenakshi Anand

- The students get in depth knowledge about various kind of theories propounded on working of macro economy.
- They learn how to minimize the consequences of Business Cycles as an administrative body, producer and as a consumer.

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Economy of Rajasthan** 

Paper: I

**Objectives:** 

To impart the knowledge of:

- Macro overview of Economy.
- Major Agricultural, Industrial and Service Sector Issues.
- Growth, Development and Planning.

**Syllabus:** 

## **UNIT-I**

Rajasthan's physiographic, climate, vegetation and soil physical divisions of Rajasthan.

Population: size and growth Rural and urban Population.

Agriculture: land utilization, cropping pattern, Food and commercial crops, land reforms. Major irrigation and power projects, importance of animal husbandry, dairy development Programmes, problems of sheep and goat husbandry.

## **UNIT-II**

Industry: Growth and location of industries, small scale and cottage industries, industrial export from Rajasthan. Handicrafts, industrial policy of Rajasthan, fiscal and financial incentives for industries development of industrial areas. Drought and Famine in Rajasthan: short term and long term drought management strategies.

Tourism Development: its role in the economy of the state, problems and prospectus, strategy of tourism development in the state.

## **UNIT-III**

Economic planning and Development in Rajasthan, Problems of poverty and unemployment in Rajasthan, Mineral resources of Rajasthan.

## **Suggested Readings:**

• L.N. Nathuramka: Economy of Rajasthan

• Govt. of Rajasthan : Basic Statistics of Rajasthan

• एल.एन. नाथूरामका : राजस्थान की अर्थव्यवस्था

• बी.एल. ओझा : राजस्थान की अर्थव्यवस्था

- Knowledge of Infrastructure & Resource Development of the Nation.
- Information about Major Development Projects.
- Imparts knowledge about various Programmes and Schemes like Government Welfare Schemes for SC/ST/Backward Class/Minorities/Disabled Persons, Destitute, Women, Children, Old Age People, Farmers & Labourers.

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Project Planning and Control** 

Paper: II  $E_1(DSE1)$ )

## **Objectives:**

- To identify the risks associated with each work package. To determine the overall risk exposure and the contribution of individual risks.
- To prioritise risks for further management.
- To develop cost-effective risk management actions (responses) and incorporate them into the plan.

## **Syllabus:**

## **UNIT-I**

Project Planning- planning fundamentals, project master plan, importance and techniques of project planning. essentials of good project planning. project life cycle, project contracting.

Project Management: Definition, function, evolution of Project Management, Traditional

Management v/s Project Management.

Defining Project its objectives, Identification, formulation and Classification.

## **UNIT-II**

Production and production decisions: meaning of product, product decision areas: use of alternative production facilities, determination of the profitable level of production, utilization of full production capacity, starting a new product in place of old, determination of product mix on the basis of key factor.

Analysis of risk and uncertainty introduction, description of basic risk concept, risk evaluation approaches: risk adjusted discount rate, certainty equivalent approach, and probability approach, standard deviation, co-efficient of variance, sensitivity analysis and decision tree analysis.

Value analysis: meaning and value analysis, objectives of value.

### **UNIT-III**

Project control: information monitoring, internal & external project control, control process and issues in project control.

Network techniques for projects: developments of project network, time estimation, determination of the critical path, scheduling when resources are limited, PERT, CPM Model, control of In-Progress Project.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- Prassanchandra: Project Planning, Analysis Selection, Financing Implementation and Review
- M.R. Agarwal: Project Planning
- Agarwal, Mishra: Project Planning
- Vasant Desai : Project Planning
- M. Mishra: Project Planning & Control
- R.L. Pitale: Project Appraisal Techniques

- To prioritise risks for further management.
- To develop cost-effective risk management actions (responses) and incorporate them into the plan.

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Monetary Economics** 

Paper: II  $E_2$  (DSE2)

## **Objectives:**

- It enables the students to understand how an economy functions efficiently how monetary policy can help the economy adjust from one equilibrium state to another.
- It is helpful in understanding of monetary policy formulation and execution.

## **Syllabus:**

## **UNIT-I**

Money: Meaning, Types, Functions, Importance and Evils of Money, Money and Near Money-comparison.

Monetary Standard: Meaning and types, Importance of Monetary standard. Principle and Methods of Issuing Notes in India.

## **UNIT-II**

Demand and Supply of Money- Factors affecting demand and supply of money. Supply of Money-Narrow Money and Broad Money, Velocity and Value of Money. Theories of Money- Quantity, Cambridge and Keynesian.

## **UNIT-III**

Monetary Policy- Concept and instruments of Monetary policy. Current Monetary policy review.

**Concept of Demonetisation.** 

## **Suggested Readings:**

- M.L.Seth, Monetary Economics- Educational Publishers, Agra
- T.N.Hajela, Monetary Economics., Konark Publishers Pvt. Ltd, Delhi
- M.L.Jhingan, Money, Banking and International Trade, Vrinda Publication, Delhi
- S.B.Gupta, Monetary Economics., S.Chand& Co, New Delhi
- MIthani.D.M, Money, Banking, International Trade and Public Finance., Himalayan Publication, New Delhi
- डॉ वी सी सिन्हा: मौदिक अर्थशास्त्र, ऐस बी पी डी पब्लिकेशंस, आगरा

•	<ul> <li>The students acquire the theoretical and applied understanding of monetane economics.</li> <li>The students acquire the knowledge about the significance and working monetary policy.</li> </ul>							

**CIA 35** 

Time: 3 hrs. End Sem.Exam 90

**Course Title: Foreign Exchange** 

Paper: II  $E_3$  (DSE3)

## **Objectives:**

- To help students to understand the different types of exchange rate risks
- To gain the knowledge of FOREX and its theories.

## **Syllabus:**

### **UNIT-I**

The concept and importance of foreign exchange, Theories of Exchange rate Determination, Foreign Exchange rate- spot and forward rates, Fixed V/s Floating Exchange Rates.

## **UNIT-II**

Arithmetic of Foreign Exchange, Computation of Spot and forward Exchange Rates. Types of bill buying and selling rates, chain rates, exchanges rates. Foreign exchange Risk and Exposure.

### UNIT-III

Foreign assistance to Indian Problems & Future prospectus in the Indian Economic Development, Export Import Bank of India (EXIM BANK), E.C.G.C., UNCTAD, W.T.O.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- S.K. Varghees: Finance of Foregin Trade adn Foreign Exchange
- B.K. Choudary: Finance of Foreign Trade and Foreign Exchange
- M.C.Vaish: International Economics
- बरला अग्रवाल : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय अर्थषास्त्र
- वैश्य और सिंहरू अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय अर्थषास्त्र

# **Learning Outcomes of the Course:** Students will have a complete understanding of the forex market and the underlying macroeconomic fundamentals that drive the financial markets. • Students will be able to propose effective trade ideas, through the application of rigorous market analysis and critical thinking.

## Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) Economic Administration and Financial Management Semester: VI Project Report and Viva –Voce

Project Report 45
Presentation & Viva 80

## **Objective:**

- To explore the various functional areas and analyze how theoretical concepts taught are applied in real life situations
- To develop skills in report writing through data collection, data analysis, data extraction, and presentation

\*Project work/ Dissertation is considered as a special course involving application of knowledge in solving / analyzing /exploring a real-life situation / difficult problem. A Project/Dissertation work would be of 5 credits.