

**B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics**  
**Semester - I**  
**Paper (I) - Mechanics & Oscillations (I)**  
**(DSC HPHY 101, Credit Theory 03, Lectures 45)**

Duration of EoSE : 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 54

Note: There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

Part A of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

Part B of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
I	DSC HPHY 101	Mechanics & Oscillations (I)	5	3
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Forty Five Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of the course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of mechanics, including the laws of motion, frames of reference, forces, motion of particles and rigid bodies and rigid body dynamics. The course aims to develop their knowledge and skills in analysing and solving problems related to these topics, using appropriate mathematical formalism and physical concepts.			

**Unit - I : Physical Laws & Frames of Reference**

(a) Introduction to reference frames, Coordinates transformation Inertial & Non-Inertial frames, Transformation of displacement, velocity, acceleration between different frames of reference involving translation, Galilean transformation & Invariance of Newton's laws.

(b) Coriolis Force : Transformation of position, velocity & acceleration in rotating frame, Pseudo forces, Coriolis force, Motion relative to earth. (12 Lectures)

**Unit - II : Conservation Laws & Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM)**

Conservative Forces : Introduction about Conservative & Non-Conservative forces, Rectilinear motion under conservative forces, Discussion of potential energy curve & Motion of a particle, Introduction about oscillations in a potential well, Simple harmonic motion (SHM).

(11 Lectures)

**Unit - III : Centre of Mass Frame**

Introduction about centre of mass (CM), Centre of mass frame : Collision of two particles in one & two dimensions (elastic & inelastic), Slowing down of neutrons in a moderator, Motion of a system with varying mass, Conservation of angular momentum, Charge particle scattering by a nucleus. (12 Lectures)

## Unit - IV : Rigid Body Dynamics

Equation of motion of a rotating body, Inertial coefficients, Case of  $\mathbf{J}$  not parallel to  $\boldsymbol{\omega}$ , Kinetic energy of rotation & idea of principal axis, Calculation of moment of inertia of a disc, spherical shell, hollow & solid spheres, and cylindrical objects (cylindrical shell & solid cylinder) about their symmetric axis through center of mass. (10 Lectures)

### Reference Books/Text Books

1. Mechanics by Charles Kittel, Berkeley Physics Course.
2. Introduction to Classical Mechanics by R. G. Takwale, P S. Puranik, TMH.
3. Classical Mechanics by Herbert Goldstein, Pearson Education.
4. Classical Mechanics by Dr. J. C. Upadhyaya, Himalaya Publishing House.
5. Analytical Mechanics by Louis N. Hand, Janet D. Finch, Cambridge University Press.
6. Mechanics by L.D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, Elsevier.
7. An Introduction To Mechanics, D. Kleppner, R. J. Kolenkow, 1973, McGraw-Hill.
8. Mechanics, D. S. Mathur, S. Chand and Company Limited.

### Suggested E-Resources :

1. MIT OpenCourseWare: Classical Mechanics - This resource provides lecture notes, problem sets, and solutions for a complete course on classical mechanics: <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-01sc-classical-mechanics-fall-2016/>
2. HyperPhysics - This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in mechanics: <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hframe.html>

### Course Learning Outcomes :

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understand the concept of inertial and non-inertial frames of reference and their implications on the laws of motion.
2. Apply transformations of displacement, velocity, and acceleration between different frames of reference involving translation.
3. Explain the Galilean transformation and the invariance of Newton's laws.
4. Analyze the motion in rotating frames, including the transformation of displacement, velocity, and acceleration, and the effects of pseudo forces such as the Coriolis force.
5. Analyze the motion of a Foucault pendulum and understand its relation to the rotation of the Earth.
6. Define conservative and non-conservative forces and analyze rectilinear motion under conservative forces.
7. Analyze potential energy curves and understand the motion of particles under conservative forces.
8. Explain the concept of the center of mass and its relevance in the motion of systems of particles.
9. Apply the concept of conservation of angular momentum and analyze particle scattering by a nucleus.
10. Understand the equations of motion for rotating bodies and the concept of the moment of inertia.
11. Analyze the kinetic energy of rotation and the motion of spinning tops.





**B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics**  
**Semester - I**  
**Paper (II) - Electromagnetism (I)**  
**(DSC HPHY 102, Credit Theory 03, Lectures 45)**

Duration of EoSE : 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 54

Note: There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

Part A of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

Part B of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
I	DSC HPHY 102	Electromagnetism (I)	5	3
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Forty Five Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of the course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the fundamental concepts and principles of electrostatics. It aims to develop their knowledge and skills in analysing scalar and vector fields, electric fields, and their interactions. The course will also cover important topics, such as, electric potential and polarization.			

**Unit - I : Scalar & Vector Fields**

Concept of Field, Scalar & Vector fields, Gradient of scalar field, Physical significance & formalism of gradient, Problems based on gradient of a scalar & vector function, Divergence & Curl of a vector field in cartesian coordinates system, Concept of solid angle, Gauss divergence & Stoke's theorem, Gauss law from inverse square law, Differential form of Gauss law.  
**(11 Lectures)**

**Unit - II : Electric Field & Potential Energy**

Potential energy of system of (i) Discrete N-charges (ii) Continuous charge distribution, Energy required to build a uniformly charged sphere, Classical radius of electron, Electric field due to a short electric dipole, Interaction of electric dipole with external uniform & non-uniform electric field, Potential due to a uniformly charged spherical shell, Poisson's & Laplace equations in cartesian coordinates & applications to solve the problems of electrostatics.

**(12 Lectures)**

**Unit - III : Electric Field In Matter**

Definition of moments of charge distribution, Multipole expansion, Dielectrics, Induced dipole moments, Polar & Non-polar molecules, Free & bound charges, Polarization, Atomic



polarizability, Electric displacement vector, Electric susceptibility, Dielectric constant & relations between them. (12 Lectures)

#### Unit - IV : Electric Field & Electric Potential In Relation To A Sphere

Electric potential & electric field due to a uniformly polarized sphere (i) Outside the sphere (ii) At the surface of the sphere (iii) Inside the sphere.

Electric field due to a dielectric sphere placed in a uniform electric field (a) Outside the sphere (b) Inside the sphere.

Electric field-due to a charge placed in dielectric medium & Gauss's law, Clausius-Mossotti relation in dielectrics. (10 Lectures)

#### Reference Books/Text Books

1. Electricity & Magnetism by A.S. Mahajan & Abbas A. Rangwala Tata McGraw-Hill.
2. Introduction to Electrodynamics by David J. Griffith, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
3. Fundamental University Physics Vol II: Fields and Waves by Alonso/Finn, Addison – Wesley Publishers.
4. Classical Electrodynamics by J. D. Jackson, Wiley Student Edition.
5. Classical Electrodynamics : A Modern Perspective by Kurt Lechner, Springer International Publishing AG.
6. Classical Electrodynamics by P. Sengupta, New Age International Publishers.
7. Classical Electrodynamics (Revised Edition) by S. P. Puri, Narosa Publishers.


#### Suggested E-Resources :

1. MIT OpenCourseWare: Electrostatics - This resource offers lecture notes, assignments, and exams for a complete course on electrostatics : <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-02sc-physics-ii-electricity-and-magnetism-spring-2011/>
2. HyperPhysics - This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in electrostatics and electric fields: <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/electric/elefie.html>

#### Course Learning Outcomes :

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understand the concept of scalar & vector fields and their physical significance and demonstrate knowledge of gradient, divergence, and curl operators and their applications in electromagnetism.
2. Apply Gauss divergence and Stoke's theorems to analyze electric and magnetic fields.
3. Explain the behavior of electric fields and potential energy in different charge distributions and analyze the interaction of electric dipoles with external electric fields and calculate the resulting potentials.
4. Solve problems related to Poisson's and Laplace's equations in electrostatics.
5. Describe the behavior of electric fields in different types of matter, including dielectrics and polarized spheres.
6. Understand the concept of electric displacement, susceptibility, and dielectric constant.
7. Understand the concept of vector fields and their mathematical representation. Calculate partial derivatives, gradients, and line integrals of scalar and vector fields.
8. Apply Gauss's divergence theorem and understand the physical meaning of divergence in Cartesian coordinates. Relate divergence to the concept of solid angle and Gauss's law.
9. Apply curl to vector fields and understand its physical significance. Use Stoke's theorem to relate curl to line integrals.
10. Manipulate vector identities using the del operator and understand their applications in physics.
11. Analyze electrostatic fields and potentials due to discrete charges and continuous charge distributions. Calculate potential energy of systems of charges.
12. Apply the concept of electrostatic potential to determine the energy required to build a uniformly charged sphere and the classical radius of an electron.
13. Analyze the potential and field due to a short dipole in polar and Cartesian coordinates. Calculate the torque and force on a dipole in an external field.
14. Investigate magnetic forces, the measurement of charge in motion, and the invariance of charge. Analyze the electric field measured in different frames of reference.





**B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics**  
**Semester - I**  
**Paper (III) - Optics (I)**  
**(DSC HPHY 103, Credit Theory 03, Lectures 45)**

Duration of EoSE : 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 54

Note: There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

Part A of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

Part B of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
I	DSC HPHY 103	Optics (I)	5	3
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Forty Five Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of the course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the fundamental concepts and principles of optics. It aims to develop their knowledge and skills in analysing basic phenomenon of interference, far- and near-field diffraction phenomena, polarization phenomenon and applications, as well as basics of lasers and holographic applications.			

**Unit - I : Interference**

Introduction, Coherent sources, Concept of spatial & temporal coherence, Interference in thin films, Wedge-shaped film, Newton's rings, Determination of wavelength & refractive index by Newton's ring, Michelson's interferometer, Fringes of different shapes with Michelson's interferometer, Determination of wavelength, Difference between two close wavelengths & refractive index by Michelson's interferometer, Fresnel's biprism experiment, Determination of fringe width & wavelength by Fresnel's biprism experiment. (12 Lectures)

**Unit - II : Diffraction - Fresnel's Class of Diffraction**

Introduction, Conditions for diffraction, Fresnel's assumptions, Fresnel class of diffraction, Half-period zones, Zone plate, Diffraction due to circular aperture, Straight edge, Rectangular slit, Thin wire. (10 Lectures)

**Unit - III : Diffraction - Fraunhofer Class of Diffraction**

Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit & circular aperture, Intensity distribution & width of central maxima, and determination of slit size, Two slits diffraction & intensity distribution

with missing orders, Diffraction due to  $N$ -slits with intensity distributions, Plane transmission grating, Dispersion by a grating, Rayleigh's criterion of resolution, Resolving power of grating, prism, telescope & microscope. **(12 Lectures)**

#### **Unit - IV : Polarization, Double Refraction & Optical Activity**

**Polarization** : Plane electromagnetic waves  $E$  and  $B$  of linearly, circularly & elliptically polarized electromagnetic waves, Production & analysis of plane polarized, circularly & elliptically polarized light.

**Double Refraction & Optical Activity** : Nicol prism, Huygen's theory of double refraction using Fresnel ellipsoidal surfaces (no mathematical derivation), Quarter & half-wave plates, Optical activity, Specific rotation, Half-shade & Bi-quartz polarimeters. **(11 Lectures)**

#### **Reference Books/Text Books**

1. Optics by Brijlal and Subramaniam, S. Chand Publishing.
2. Principles of Optics by B.K. Mathur, Gopala Printing.
3. Optics by D. P. Khandelwal, Himalaya Publishing House.
4. Introduction to Modern Optics by A. K. Ghatak, McGraw Hill.
5. An Introduction To Modern Optics by G. R. Fowles, Dover Publications.
6. Fundamentals of Optics by Ashok Kumar, D. R. Gulati & H. R. Gulati, R. Chand & Co.
7. Optical Physics South Asian Edition by A. Lipson, S. G. Lipson & H. Lipson, Cambridge University Press.

#### **Suggested E-Resources :**

1. MIT OpenCourseWare : Optics - This resource offers lecture notes, assignments, and exams for a complete course on optics : <https://ocw.mit.edu/search/?q=optics>
2. HyperPhysics - This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in optics : <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hframe.html>

#### **Course Learning Outcomes :**

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understand the concept of interference and diffraction fields and their physical significance.
2. Demonstrate knowledge of interference, diffraction, and polarization.
3. Applications of interference, and diffraction in framework of Fraunhofer & Fresnel diffraction phenomenon.
4. Explain the formation of Newton's rings and determination of wavelength & refractive index.
5. Explain the principle of Michelson's interferometer and determination of wavelength & refractive index.
6. Explain the concept of polarization in optics.
7. Production and analysis of different type of polarizations and their applications.
8. Solve problems related to above mentioned topics.





**B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics**  
**Semester - I**  
**Physics Practical Lab (I)**  
**(DSCP HPHY 111, Credits Practical 06, Practical Hours 180)**

**Max. Practical Marks = 150 Marks**

**Internal Marks = 60 Marks**

**External Practical Exam = 90 Marks (Duration : 4 hrs.)**

**Note: Out of the following experiments, 12 experiments must be done by the students in the semester.**  
**(12 hrs. per week)**

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
I	DSCP HPHY 111	Physics Practical Lab (I)	5	6
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Practical, One Hundred & Eighty Hours of Practicals including diagnostic and formative assessment during practical hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. To provide hands-on experience in conducting experiments related to electricity and magnetism.</li><li>2. To develop practical skills in using various electrical components and instruments.</li><li>3. To reinforce theoretical concepts learned in the corresponding lecture course through practical applications.</li><li>4. To enhance problem-solving and analytical skills by analysing experimental data and interpreting results.</li><li>5. To promote scientific inquiry, critical thinking, and the ability to design and execute experiments.</li><li>6. To foster teamwork and collaboration in conducting experiments and analysing results.</li><li>7. To develop skills in accurately measuring and recording experimental data.</li></ol>			

**DSCP HPHY 111 : Physics Practical Lab (I)**

The inclusion of new experiments should be intimated and approved by the Convenor, Board of Studies before the start of the academic session. It is binding to have an experimental set-up of at least ten experiments listed below. In case the number of experiments performed by the student is less than eight, his marks shall be scaled down in the final examination on a pro-rata basis. Laboratory examination paper will be set by the external examiner out of eight or more experiments available at the center.

## **List of Experiments : Semester - I**

1. To study the variation of power transfer to different loads by a D.C. source and to verify maximum power transfer theorem.
2. To determine internal resistance of a D.C. source (source resistance) and to verify the maximum power transfer theorem by studying the dependence of power delivered to the load on load.
3. To study the transient behaviour of a RC circuit using a DC source by varying values of R and C.
4. To study the characteristics of a semiconductor junction diode and determine forward and reverse resistances.
5. To determine the specific resistance of the material of a wire using Carey Foster's bridge.
6. To determine the difference between two small resistances using Carey Foster's bridge.
7. To convert galvanometer into an ammeter of a given range.
8. To convert galvanometer into a voltmeter of a given range.
9. To study the resonance of series LCR circuit and hence to determine resonance frequency, quality factor & bandwidth.
10. To study the resonance of parallel LCR circuit and hence to determine resonance frequency, quality factor & bandwidth.
11. To study the rise and decay of current in an L-R circuit with a source of constant EMF and to determine the time constant.
12. To study the behaviour of an RC Circuits with varying resistance and capacitance using AC mains as a power source and also to determine the impedance and phase relations.
13. To study the voltage and current behavior of an LR circuit with an AC power source. Also, determine quality factor, impedance and phase relations.
14. To study the variation of a magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying circular coil, drawing the necessary curve and hence find the radius of the circular coil.
15. To perform experimental studies of OR, AND, NOT logic gates.
16. To identify various types of circuit boards, learning of circuit symbols and determine values of resistances, capacitors & inductors using colour coding.
17. Study of normal and Zener diode characteristics by making circuit on a breadboard.
18. To study the designing of electric kettle & electric iron.
19. Any experiment according to undergraduate level physics theory.

## **Course Learning Outcomes :**

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Demonstrate proficiency in using various electrical components and instruments required for conducting experiments.
2. Apply theoretical concepts of electricity and magnetism to design and execute experiments.
3. Analyze experimental data using appropriate mathematical and statistical techniques.
4. Interpret experimental results and draw conclusions based on data analysis.
5. Develop skills in accurately measuring physical quantities and recording experimental observations.
6. Communicate experimental procedures, results, and conclusions effectively in written reports.





**B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics**  
**Semester - II**  
**Paper (IV) - Mechanics & Oscillations (II)**  
**(DSC HPHY 201, Credit Theory 03, Lectures 45)**

Duration of EoSE : 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 54

Note: There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

Part A of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

Part B of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
II	DSC HPHY 201	Mechanics & Oscillations (II)	5	3
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Forty Five Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of the course is to provide students with knowledge related to oscillations, damping, coupled oscillators, and properties of materials. The lab aims to reinforce theoretical concepts learned in the classroom, develop conceptual skills, and enhance the understanding of physics principles both through sharpened theoretical skills & experimentation.			

**Unit - I : Motion Under Central Forces**

Introduction about central forces, Motion under central forces, Gravitational interaction, Inertia and gravitational mass, General solution under gravitational interaction, Kepler's laws, Discussion of trajectories, Cases of elliptical & circular orbits, Rutherford scattering, Relation between impact parameter & angle of scattering. (12 Lectures)

**Unit - II : Simple & Damped Harmonic Oscillations**

Spring-mass system, Mass on a spring, Torsional oscillator, LC circuit & Energy of the oscillator, Damped force & motion under damping, Damped simple harmonic oscillator, Power dissipation. (12 Lectures)

**Unit - III : Driven Harmonic Oscillations**

Driven harmonic oscillator with damping, Frequency response, Phase relations, Quality factor, Resonance, Series & parallel combinations of LCR circuit. (10 Lectures)

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## Unit - IV : Coupled Oscillations

Equation of motion of two coupled simple harmonic oscillators, Motion in normal modes, Motion in mixed modes, Transient behaviour, Electrically coupled circuits, Frequency response, Dynamics of a number of oscillators with neighbor interactions. **(11 Lectures)**

### References Books/Text Books

1. The Physics of Wave and Oscillation by N.K. Bajaj, McGraw Hill Education.
2. Vibration and Waves by A. P. French, CBS Publishers.
3. Mechanics by Charles Kittel, Berkeley Physics Course.
4. Introduction to Classical Mechanics by R. G. Takwale, P S. Puranik, TMH.
5. Classical Mechanics by Herbert Goldstein, Pearson Education.
6. Classical Mechanics by Dr. J. C. Upadhyaya, Himalaya Publishing House.
7. Analytical Mechanics by Louis N. Hand, Janet D. Finch, Cambridge University Press.
8. Mechanics by L.D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, Elsevier.
9. An Introduction To Mechanics, D. Kleppner, R. J. Kolenkow, 1973, McGraw-Hill.
10. Mechanics, D. S. Mathur, S. Chand and Company Limited.

### Suggested E-Resources :

1. MIT OpenCourseWare: Classical Mechanics - This resource provides lecture notes, problem sets, and solutions for a complete course on oscillations & waves : <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/res-8-009-introduction-to-oscillations-and-waves-summer-2017/>
2. HyperPhysics - This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in oscillations & waves : <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hframe.html>

### Course Learning Outcomes :

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understand the motion under central forces, including gravitational interaction, and apply Kepler's laws.
2. Analyze damped harmonic oscillations and understand the effects of damping on oscillatory motion.
3. Analyze driven harmonic oscillators with damping and understand frequency response and power dissipation.
4. Explain the behavior of coupled oscillators and analyze systems of oscillators with neighbor interactions.
5. Understand the concept of free oscillations and analyze systems with one degree of freedom. Study oscillations in arbitrary potential wells and solve simple harmonic motion problems using complex exponentials.
6. Analyze mechanical and electrical systems undergoing oscillatory motion. Calculate the energy of oscillators and examine power dissipation and damping under viscous and solid friction.
7. Understand the superposition of two undamped harmonic oscillations and the concept of beats. Analyze the combination of two oscillations at right angles and study anharmonic oscillators using the pendulum as an example.
8. Study forced oscillations with damping and harmonic forces. Analyze the effect of varying the resistive term and understand transient phenomena in driven oscillators. Calculate power absorbed by a driven oscillator and examine frequency response, phase relations, and quality factor.
9. Explore resonance in electrical oscillations, series and parallel LCR circuits, and electromechanical systems such as ballistic galvanometers. Study non-linear effects in electrical devices and acoustic waves.
10. Analyze the motion of two coupled simple harmonic oscillators and derive the differential equations for stiffness or capacitance-coupled oscillators. Understand normal modes and motion in mixed modes.
11. Study the normal modes of vibration for molecules and electrically coupled circuits.
12. Investigate many coupled oscillators, including N-coupled oscillators and longitudinal oscillators.
13. Understand the concept of normal modes, calculate normal mode frequencies, and study the motion of monoatomic and diatomic lattices. Explore dispersion relations, group and phase velocities, and the effects of coupling.
14. Study the wave equation in one dimension and its solutions for elastic waves in solid rods, gas columns, and transverse waves on a string. Analyze normal modes of a two-dimensional system and waves in two and three dimensions, including spherical waves.
15. Understand the reflection and transmission of waves on a string at a boundary, including the reflection and transmission of energy. Analyze impedance matching and standing waves on a string of fixed length.
16. Calculate the energy of a vibrating string and analyze the energy in each normal mode.

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**B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics**  
**Semester - II**  
**Paper (V) - Electromagnetism (II)**  
**(DSC HPHY 202, Credits Theory 03, Lectures 45)**

Duration of EoSE : 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 54

Note: There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

Part A of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

Part B of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
II	DSC HPHY 202	Electromagnetism (II)	5	3
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Forty Five Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of the course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the fundamental concepts and principles of electromagnetism. It aims to develop their knowledge and skills in analysing scalar and vector fields, electric and magnetic fields, and their interactions, as described by Maxwell's equations. The course will also cover important topics such as electric potential, polarization, magnetostatics, and electromagnetic waves.			

**Unit - I : Magnetostatics**

Properties of magnetic field, Lorentz force, Ampere's law, Magnetic field due to a current carrying solid conducting cylinder (a) Outside (b) At the surface & (ii) Inside the cylinder, Ampere's law in differential form, Introduction of magnetic vector potential, Bio-Savart's law & application to magnetic vector potentials. (09 Lectures)

**Unit - II : Magnetic Field In Matter**

Atomic magnet, Gyromagnetic ratio, Bohr-magneton, Larmor frequency, Induced magnetic moment & diamagnetism, Spin magnetic moment, Para- & ferromagnetism, Intensity of magnetization, Magnetic permeability & susceptibility, Free & bound current densities, Magnetic field due to a uniformly magnetized material & non-uniformly magnetized material. (12 Lectures)

**Unit - III : Maxwell's Equations & Electromagnetic Waves (A)**

Displacement current, Maxwell's Equations, Electromagnetic wave equation,



Electromagnetic waves & properties, Electromagnetic waves in free space & isotropic medium. (12 Lectures)

#### Unit - IV : Electromagnetic waves (B)

Electromagnetic spectrum, Energy density of electromagnetic waves, Poynting theorem, Radiation pressure & resistance in free space, Electromagnetic waves in dispersive medium. (12 Lectures)

#### Reference Books/Text Books

1. Electricity & Magnetism by A.S. Mahajan & Abbas A. Rangwala Tata McGraw-Hill.
2. Introduction to Electrodynamics by David J. Griffith, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
3. Fundamental University Physics Vol II: Fields and Waves by Alonso/Finn, Addison – Wesley Publishers.
4. Classical Electrodynamics by J. D. Jackson, Wiley Student Edition.
5. Classical Electrodynamics : A Modern Perspective by Kurt Lechner, Springer International Publishing AG.
6. Classical Electrodynamics by P. Sengupta, New Age International Publishers.
7. Classical Electrodynamics (Revised Edition) by S. P. Puri, Narosa Publishers.

#### Suggested E-Resources :

1. MIT OpenCourseWare: Electricity and Magnetism - This resource offers lecture notes, assignments, and exams for a complete course on electricity and magnetism: <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-02sc-physics-ii-electricity-and-magnetism-spring-2011/>
2. HyperPhysics - This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in electromagnetism : <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hframe.html>

#### Course Learning Outcomes :

By the end of the course, students should be able to :

1. Analyze the behavior of magnetic fields in various materials and the effects of currents on magnetic fields.
2. Apply Ampere's law and the magnetic vector potential to calculate magnetic fields in different scenarios.
3. Explain the properties of electromagnetic waves and their behavior in isotropic and dispersive media.
4. Calculate the energy density and radiation pressure of electromagnetic waves.
5. Understand the spectrum of electromagnetic waves and its implications.
6. Investigate magnetic forces, the measurement of charge in motion, and the invariance of charge. Analyze the electric field measured in different frames of reference.
7. Understand the magnetic field in free space and matter. Apply Ampère's circuital law and use it in differential form with the vector potential.
8. Calculate the magnetic field for different current configurations using the Biot-Savart law and deduce the field of any current-carrying wire.
9. Apply transformation relations for electric and magnetic fields between inertial frames.
10. Study electric fields in matter, including electrical moments, dipole and quadrupole moments, atomic and molecular dipoles, and dielectrics. Analyze the field of a charge in a dielectric medium and the connection between electric susceptibility and atomic polarizability.
11. Investigate electromagnetic induction, Faraday's law, and the effects of conducting rods and loops moving in magnetic fields. Understand the differential and integral forms of Faraday's law.
12. Analyze inductance, self-inductance, mutual inductance, and energy stored in inductors and magnetic fields. Understand displacement current and its role in Maxwell's equations.
13. Explore Maxwell's equations in differential and integral form, their application in material media, and the boundary conditions for electric and magnetic fields at vacuum-dielectric and vacuum-metal boundaries.





## B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics

### Semester - II

#### Paper (VI) - Optics (II)

(DSC HPHY 203, Credits Theory 03, Lectures 45)

Duration of EoSE : 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 54

Note: There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

Part A of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

Part B of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
II	DSC HPHY 203	Optics (II)	5	3
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Forty Five Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of the course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the fundamental concepts and principles of quantum optics and photonics. It aims to develop their knowledge and skills in coherent nature of light, its applications viz. typically laser and two mainstream topics of photonics of holography and fibre optics.			

#### Unit - I : Coherent Nature of Light

Coherent & incoherent sources, Monochromaticity & Sodium-light, Importance of coherence in applications, Coherence of LASER light, Spatial & Temporal coherence, Difference between ordinary & LASER light, Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation (LASER) : Nature & properties, Coherence in quantum optics. (11 Lectures)

#### Unit - II : LASER

Spontaneous & Stimulated emission, Einstein's coefficients & condition to achieve laser action, Energy density of radiation as a result of stimulated emission & absorption, Population inversion, Methods of pumping, Energy level schemes, Methods to produce laser light : Ruby laser, He-Ne laser & semiconductor laser. (12 Lectures)

#### Unit - III : Holography

Basic concepts of holography & hologram, Principles of holography, Theory, construction & reconstruction of image, Applications of holography : Holographic interferometry, holographic scanners & holography in bioscience. (10 Lectures)

#### **Unit - IV : Fiber Optics**

Introduction to optical fiber, Necessity of cladding, Optical fiber system, Optical fiber cable & cross-sectional structure, Total internal reflection, Explanation of propagation of light through an optical fiber, Classifications : Step-index & graded-index optical fibers.

**(12 Lectures)**

#### **Reference Books/Text Books**

1. Optics by Brijlal and Subramaniam, S. Chand Publishing.
2. Principles of Optics by B.K. Mathur, Gopalal Printing.
3. Optics by D. P. Khandelwal, Himalaya Publishing House.
4. Introduction to Modern Optics by A. K. Ghatak, McGraw Hill.
5. An Introduction To Modern Optics by G. R. Fowels, Dover Publications.
6. Fundamentals of Optics by Ashok Kumar, D. R. Gulati & H. R. Gulati, R. Chand & Co.
7. Optical Physics South Asian Edition by A. Lipson, S. G. Lipson & H. Lipson, Cambridge University Press.
8. Essentials of Lasers by Allen, Elsevier.

#### **Suggested E-Resources :**

1. MIT OpenCourseWare : Quantum Optics & Photonics - This resource offers lecture notes, assignments, and exams for a complete course on quantum optics and photonics : <https://ocw.mit.edu/search/?q=quantum%20optics>
2. HyperPhysics - This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in quantum optics and photonics : <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/optmod/qualig.html>

#### **Course Learning Outcomes :**

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understanding of the concept of coherent nature of light, monochromatism & definition of LASER.
2. Understanding of the concept of LASER, stimulated emission, spontaneous emission, Einstein's coefficients, population inversion, optical pumping.
3. Methods and production, construction of He-Ne, CO<sub>2</sub> & Ruby lasers.
4. Understanding of basic principles of holography, construction & reconstruction of image and applications of holography.
5. Understanding of concepts of fibre optics, total internal reflection & light propagation.





**B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics**  
**Semester - II**  
**Physics Practical Lab (II)**  
**(DSCP HPHY 211, Credit 06, Practical Hours 180)**

Max. Practical Marks = 150 Marks

Internal Marks = 60 Marks

External Practical Exam = 90 Marks (Duration : 4 hrs.)

Note: Out of the following experiments, 12 experiments must be done by the students in the semester.  
(12 hrs. per week)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
II	DSCP HPHY 211	Physics Practical Lab (II)	5	6
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Practical, One Hundred & Eighty Hours of Practicals including diagnostic and formative assessment during practical hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. To provide hands-on experience in conducting experiments related to electricity and magnetism.</li><li>2. To develop practical skills in using various electrical components and instruments.</li><li>3. To reinforce theoretical concepts learned in the corresponding lecture course through practical applications.</li><li>4. To enhance problem-solving and analytical skills by analysing experimental data and interpreting results.</li><li>5. To promote scientific inquiry, critical thinking, and the ability to design and execute experiments.</li><li>6. To foster teamwork and collaboration in conducting experiments and analysing results.</li><li>7. To develop skills in accurately measuring and recording experimental data.</li></ol>			

**DSCP HPHY 211 : Physics Practical Lab (II)**

The inclusion of new experiments should be intimated and approved by the Convenor, Board of Studies before the start of the academic session. It is binding to have an experimental set-up of at least ten experiments listed below. In case the number of experiments performed by the student is less than eight, his marks shall be scaled down in the final examination on a pro-rata basis. Laboratory examination paper will be set by the external examiner out of eight or more experiments available at the center.

## List of Experiments : Semester - II

1. To study the random decay and determine the decay constant using the statistical board.
2. Using compound pendulum study the variation of time period with amplitude in large angle oscillations.
3. To study damping using a compound pendulum/bar pendulum and determine damping coefficient & quality factor of the compound pendulum.
4. To study radius of gyration and to determine acceleration due to gravity ( $g$ ) using a compound pendulum/bar pendulum.
5. To determine Young's modulus by bending of rectangular cross-sectional beam.
6. To determine Young's modulus ( $Y$ ),  $\sigma$  (Poisson's ratio) and  $\eta$  (modulus of rigidity) by Searle's method.
7. To determine modulus of rigidity of a wire using Maxwell's needle.
8. To determine the Poisson's ratio of the rubber.
9. To study the variation of surface tension with temperature using Jaeger's method.
10. To find the motion of a spring and calculate (a) spring constant (b) acceleration due to gravity ( $g$ ) (c) modulus of rigidity.
11. To study the sensitivity of a cathode ray oscilloscope (CRO).
12. To convert a given voltmeter to an ammeter of suitable range and calibrate the ammeter.
13. To convert a given ammeter ( $\mu A$  to  $mA$ ) to a voltmeter of suitable range and calibrate the voltmeter.
14. To study the Fresnel's & Fraunhofer's diffraction.
15. To study the  $(4 \times 1)/(8 \times 1)$  multiplexer using the digital circuit platform (IC 74139).
16. To study the excitation of normal modes and measure frequency splitting using two coupled oscillators.
17. To study the frequency of energy transfer as a function of coupling strength using coupled oscillators.
18. (a) To study the viscous fluid damping of a compound pendulum and determination of damping coefficient and  $Q$  of the oscillator.  
(b) To study the electromagnetic damping of a compound pendulum and to find the variation of damping coefficient with the assistance of the conducting lamina.
19. To find  $J$  by Callender and Barne's method.
20. To measure Curie temperature of Monel alloy.
21. To study of normal modes of a coupled pendulum system.
22. To study the simple harmonic motion (SHMs) of two perpendicularly aligned systems.
23. To determine the moment of Inertia of a fly-wheel.
24. Any experiment according to undergraduate level physics theory.

## Course Learning Outcomes :

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Demonstrate proficiency in using various components and instruments required for conducting experiments.
2. Apply theoretical concepts of mechanics to design and execute experiments.
3. Analyze experimental data using appropriate mathematical and statistical techniques.
4. Interpret experimental results and draw conclusions based on data analysis.
5. Develop skills in accurately measuring physical quantities and recording experimental observations.
6. Communicate experimental procedures, results, and conclusions effectively in written reports.





**B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics**  
**Semester - III**  
**Paper (VII) - Thermodynamics**  
**(DSC HPHY 301, Credit Theory 03, Lectures 45)**

Duration of EoSE : 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 54

Note: There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

Part A of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

Part B of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
III	DSC HPHY 301	Thermodynamics	6	3
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Forty Five Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of the course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the fundamental concepts and principles of thermodynamics. It aims to develop their knowledge and skills in analysing general thermodynamical interactions, theory & application of Clausius-Clapeyron equation, Carnot's theorem, Maxwell relations, production, applications of low temperatures & superconductors.			

**Unit - I : General Thermodynamical Interaction**

Thermal interaction, Zeroth law of thermodynamics, Helmholtz free energy, Adiabatic interaction & Enthalpy, General interaction & First law of thermodynamics, Infinitesimal general interaction, Gibb's free energy & Phase transitions, Clausius-Clapeyron equation, Vapour-pressure curve. (13 Lectures)

**Unit - II : Carnot's Engine & Maxwell's Relations**

Heat engine & Efficiency of engine, Carnot's cycle & Efficiency of Carnot's engine, Refrigerator, Carnot's theorem, Second law of thermodynamics, Thermodynamic scale as an absolute scale, Maxwell relations & applications. (11 Lectures)

**Unit - III : Production of Low Temperature**

Joule-Thomson expansion & Joule-Thomson coefficients for ideal as well as Van der Waal's gas, Porous-plug experiment, Inversion temperature, Regenerative cooling, cooling by adiabatic expansion & cooling by demagnetization. (10 Lectures)

#### Unit - IV : Applications of Low Temperature & Superconductors

Liquid Helium, He I & He II, Superfluidity, Quest for absolute zero, Nernst's heat theorem, Qualitative discussion of superconductivity : Introduction to superconductors, Experimental features of superconductivity (Critical temperature, Persistent current, Critical magnetic field, Meissner effect, Type I & Type II superconductors), Isotope effect & Electron-phonon interaction, Applications of superconductors. (11 Lectures)

#### Reference Books/Text Books

1. Thermal Physics by Kittel, San Francisco: W.H. Freeman Publisher.
2. Statistical and Thermal Physics by S Lokanathan, R S Gambhir, PHI Learning Publisher.
3. Statistical Physics by Berkeley Series Vol. V, McGraw Hill India.
4. Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics by F. Reif, Sarat Book House.
5. An Introduction To Thermodynamics by Y. V. C. Rao, Universities Press.
6. Thermodynamics : A Complete Undergraduate Course by Andrew M. Steane, OUP Oxford.
7. Thermodynamics (Foundations & Applications) by E. P. Gyftopoulos & G. P. Beretta, Dover Publications.

#### Suggested E-Resources :

1. MIT OpenCourseWare: Thermodynamics - This resource offers lecture notes, assignments, and exams for a complete course on thermodynamics : <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/5-60-thermodynamics-kinetics-spring-2008/>
2. HyperPhysics - This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in thermodynamics : <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hframe.html>

#### Course Learning Outcomes :

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understand the concept of general interactions in thermodynamics and first law of thermodynamics.
2. Demonstrate knowledge of general interactions in thermodynamics, first law in thermodynamics, Helmholtz free energy, Gibb's free energy & Clausius-Clapeyron equation, vapor-pressure curve.
3. Understand the concepts of thermal interactions and the zeroth law of thermodynamics.
4. Study systems in thermal contact with a heat reservoir, canonical distribution, and energy fluctuations.
5. Calculate the entropy of a system in a heat bath and analyze the Helmholtz free energy. Explore adiabatic interactions, enthalpy, and the first law of thermodynamics.
6. Study infinitesimal general interactions and Gibb's free energy.
7. Explore phase transitions, including first and second-order phase transitions. Understand the Clausius-Clapeyron equation and the vapor pressure curve.
8. Analyze the transformation of disorder into order and the efficiency of heat engines, including Carnot's cycle.
9. Learn about the thermodynamic scale as an absolute scale and apply Maxwell relations.
10. Derive Maxwell's law of distribution of velocities and verify it experimentally. Calculate the most probable, average, and root mean square velocities.
11. Study diffusion and the equipartition theorem. Explore the classical theory of specific heat capacity and analyze the specific heat of solids.
12. Understand transport phenomena, including mean free path, coefficients of viscosity, thermal conductivity, and diffusion.
13. Applications of Clausius-Clapeyron equation, first & second law of thermodynamics.
14. Explain the concept of Carnot's engine and applications, Maxwell equations and their applications.
15. Explain the principle of low temperature production, Joule-Thomson expansion and porous plug experiment.
16. Explain the concept of regenerative cooling and applications by adiabatic cooling & cooling by demagnetization.
17. Applications of low temperature production, He I & He II, superfluidity.
18. Applications of superfluidity in superconductors, Meissner effect.
19. Study the production of low temperatures and cooling by adiabatic expansion. Analyze the coefficient of performance, Joule-Thomson effect, J-T coefficient, and temperature of inversion.
20. Learn about the quest for absolute zero and the third law of thermodynamics.





**B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics**  
**Semester - III**  
**Paper (VIII) - Electronics & Solid State Devices (I)**  
**(DSC HPHY 302, Credits Theory 03, Lectures 45)**

**Note:** There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

**Part A** of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

**Part B** of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
III	DSC HPHY 302	Electronics & Solid State Devices (I)	6	3
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Forty Five Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of this course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of electronics & solid state devices. The course aims to develop a strong foundation in the principles and concepts of electronics, their applications in the circuits, various network theorems, understanding of transistors, rectifiers & voltage regulation.			

**Unit - I : Circuit Analysis**

Network - Important definitions, Loop & nodal analysis based on DC & AC circuits (Kirchhoff's Laws), Four terminal network, Current-volt conventions, Open circuit, Short circuit & Hybrid parameters of any four terminals network, Input, output & mutual impedance for an active four terminal network. (08 Lectures)

**Unit - II : Network Theorems**

**Various Circuit Theorems :** Superposition theorem, Thevenin theorem, Norton theorem, Reciprocity theorem, Compensation theorem, Maximum power transfer theorem & Miller's theorem. (10 Lectures)

**Unit - III : Transistor**

Notations & volt-ampere relations for bipolar junction transistor (BJT), Concept of load line & Operating point, Introduction to hybrid parameters of transistors. Common-base (CB), Common-emitter (CE) & Common-collector (CC) configurations of transistors & equivalent circuits, Analysis of transistor amplifiers using hybrid parameters & frequency response. (17 Lectures)

#### Unit – IV : Rectifiers and Voltage Regulation

Half-wave, Full wave and Bridge rectifiers, Calculation of ripple factor, Efficiency and regulation, Filters : Shunt inductors, Shunt capacitor, L-sections and  $\pi$ -sections filters, Voltage regulation and Voltage stabilization by Zener diode, Voltage multiplier circuits. (10 Lectures)

#### Reference Books/Text Books

1. Electronics Fundamental and Applications by John D Ryder, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
2. Engineering Electronics by John D. Ryder, McGraw Hill Book Company , New Delhi.
3. Integrated Electronics, Analog & Digital Circuits and Systems by Millman/Halkias, McGraw Hill Ltd.
4. Digital Computer Electronics by Albert Paul Malvino, Tata McGraw- Hill Pub. Co. Ltd. New Delhi(1983).
5. Electronics Fundamental and Applications by John D. Ryder, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
6. Engineering Electronics by John D. Ryder, McGraw Hill Book Company , New Delhi.
7. Integrated Electronics :Analog & Digital Circuits And systems by Millman/Halkias :McGraw Hill Ltd.

#### Suggested E-Resources :

1. MIT OpenCourseWare : Electronics - This resource offers lecture notes, assignments, and exams for a complete course on electronics : <https://ocw.mit.edu/search/?q=electronics>
2. HyperPhysics - This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in electronics : <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/Electronic/etroncon.html#c1>

#### Course Learning Outcomes :

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understand the concept of Kirchhoff's first and second laws and their applications in circuits.
2. Basic understanding of open and short circuits and their relevance in circuits and applications.
3. Understanding of the use and importance of hybrid parameters and their applications in circuits and transistors.
4. Understand the concept of network theorems to make circuit analysis easier and lucid.
5. Development of understanding of Superposition, Thevenin, Norton, Reciprocity, Compensation and maximum power transfer and miller theorems and their applications.
6. Introduction to the concept of bipolar junction transistor.
7. Introduction to the concept of loadline, operating point and hybrid parameters for transistors.
8. Introduction to the concept of transistor as amplifiers.
9. Common base, common emitter & common collector configuration of transistors and their characteristic curves.
10. Hybrid parameter concept as applied to transistor amplifiers.
11. Frequency response of transistor amplifiers.





## B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics

### Semester - III

#### Paper [IX] - Mathematical Physics & Special Theory of Relativity (I) (DSE HPHY 303, Credit Theory 03, Lectures 45)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 54

Note: There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

Part A of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

Part B of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
V	DSE HPHY 303	Mathematical Physics & Special Theory of Relativity (I)	7	3
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Forty Five Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of this course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of mathematical physics. The course aims to develop a strong foundation in the principles and concepts of mathematical physics, and their applications in describing the physical theories.			

#### Unit - I : Coordinate Transformation

Orthogonal curvilinear coordinate system, scale factors, expression for gradient, divergence, curl and their application to Cartesian, circular cylindrical and spherical polar coordinate. Coordinate transformation and Jacobian. (10 Lectures)

#### Unit - II : Tensor Analysis & Dirac Delta Function

Transformation of covariant, contravariant and mixed tensor; Addition, multiplication and contraction of tensors; Metric tensor and its use in transformation of tensors. Dirac delta function and its properties. (10 Lectures)

#### Unit - III : Differential Equations of Second Order and Special Functions (I)

Linear differential equation with variable coefficient and singular points, series solution method and its application to the Legendre's differential equations, Integral properties of Legendre's polynomials, generating functions of  $P_n(x)$ , Recurrence relations of  $P_n(x)$ , graphical representations of Legendre functions. (12 Lectures)

#### Unit - IV : Differential Equations of Second Order and Special Functions (II)

Hermite differential equation, generating functions of  $H_n(x)$ , Recurrence relations of  $H_n(x)$ ,

Orthogonality relation for Hermite equation, graphical representation and generating function of Hermite functions, Laguerre differential equation, graphical representation and generating functions of Laguerre polynomials, Recurrence relations of  $L_n(x)$ , Orthogonality relation for Laguerre polynomials. **(13 Lectures)**

#### Reference Books/Text Books

1. Mathematical Physics by V. Balakrishnan, Published by Ane Books; 1st Edition.
2. Mathematical Physics by H. K. Dass, Published by S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
3. Mathematical Physics by Satya Prakash, Published by Sultan Chand and Sons.
4. Mathematical Physics by A.K. Saxena, Published by Narosa Publishing House.
5. Mathematics for Physicists by A. Altland & J. von Delft, Cambridge University Press.
6. Mathematical Methods in the Physical Sciences by Mary L. Boas, Wiley.
7. Mathematical Methods by M. C. Potter & J. Goldberg, Prentice Hall Pvt. Ltd.
8. Mathematical Methods for Physicists by Arfken, Weber & Harris, Elsevier.
9. Schaum's Outline of Mathematics for Physics Students by Michael Stone & Paul Goldbart.

#### Suggested E-resources :

1. Britannica : Mathematical Physics - This resource offers lecture notes, assignments, and exams for a complete course on mathematical physics : <https://www.britannica.com/science/fractal>
2. Study.com- This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in mathematical physics : <https://study.com/academy/lesson/mathematical-physics-overview-application-concepts.html>

#### Course Learning Outcomes:

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understanding of the various concepts of mathematical physics for applications in physical theories.
2. Understanding of coordinate transformations, gradient, divergence & curl.
3. Cartesian, circular, cylindrical and spherical polar coordinates, Jacobian.
4. Concept of tensor analysis & Dirac delta function
5. Development of understanding of covariant, contravariant & mixed tensor.
6. Different properties & applications of tensors.
7. Concept of second order differential equations and special functions.
8. Legendre's differential equation & integral properties of Legendre's polynomials.
9. Legendre's functions.
10. Introduction to Hermite differential equation, generation of functions of  $H_n(x)$ , recurrence relation of  $H_n(x)$ , orthogonality relation.
11. Introduction to the concept of boundary value problems.
12. Explanation of Laplace equation.
13. Explanation of Helmholtz equation in circular cylindrical coordinates.
14. Wave equation in spherical polar coordinates.





**B.Sc. (Honours) - Physics**  
**Semester - III**  
**Physics Practical Lab (III)**  
**(DSCP HPHY 311, Credits Practical 06, Practical Hours 180)**

Max. Practical Marks = 150 Marks

Internal Marks = 60 Marks

External Practical Exam = 90 Marks (Duration : 4 hrs.)

Note: Out of the following experiments, 12 experiments must be done by the students in the semester.  
(12 hrs. per week)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
III	DSCP HPHY 311	Physics Practical Lab (III)	6	6
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Practical, One Hundred & Eighty Hours of Practicals including diagnostic and formative assessment during practical hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. To provide hands-on experience in conducting experiments related to electricity and magnetism.</li><li>2. To develop practical skills in using various electrical components and instruments.</li><li>3. To reinforce theoretical concepts learned in the corresponding lecture course through practical applications.</li><li>4. To enhance problem-solving and analytical skills by analysing experimental data and interpreting results.</li><li>5. To promote scientific inquiry, critical thinking, and the ability to design and execute experiments.</li><li>6. To foster teamwork and collaboration in conducting experiments and analysing results.</li><li>7. To develop skills in accurately measuring and recording experimental data.</li><li>8. The objective of the physics lab-III, with the mentioned experiments, is to provide students with hands-on experience in conducting experiments related to optics, electronics and mechanics.</li><li>9. Optics experiments include formation of Newton's rings, use of Michelson's Interferometer, experiments related to prism, grating, biprism, specific rotation of sugar solution.</li><li>10. Electrical experiments include determination of bandgap of a semiconductor &amp; ballistic galvanometer.</li><li>11. The lab aims to reinforce theoretical concepts learned in the classroom, develop practical skills, and enhance the understanding of physics principles through experimentation.</li></ol>			

### **DSCP HPHY 311 : Physics Practical Lab (III)**

The inclusion of new experiments should be intimated and approved by the Convenor, Board of Studies before the start of the academic session. It is binding to have an experimental set-up of at least ten experiments listed below. In case the number of experiments performed by the student is less than eight, his marks shall be scaled down in the final examination on a pro-rata basis. Laboratory examination paper will be set by the external examiner out of eight or more experiments available at the center.

#### **List of Experiments : Semester - III**

1. To determine the thermodynamic constant  $\gamma = C_p/C_v$  using Clements & Desorme's method.
2. To determine the thermal conductivity of a poor thermal conductor by Lee's method.
3. To study the specific rotation of sugar solution by polarimeter.
4. To determine the bandgap of a given semiconductor using a junction diode.
5. Using platinum resistance thermometers find the melting point of a given substance.
6. Using Newton's rings method find out the wavelength of a monochromatic source.
7. To determine the ballistic constant of a ballistic galvanometer (BG).
8. To determine the high resistance by leakage method using ballistic galvanometer (BG) and condenser.
9. To determine wavelength of light by grating element using a spectrometer.
10. To determine the dispersive power of a grating element using spectrometer.
11. Using Newton's rings method find out the refractive index of a given liquid.
12. Using Michelson's interferometer find out the wavelength of given monochromatic source of light (Sodium light).
13. To determine dispersive power of prism using spectrometer.
14. To study variation of gain with frequency using a single-stage transistor audio amplifier.
15. To study the variation of total thermal radiation with temperature.
16. To study the dependence of velocity of wave propagation on line parameter using torsional wave apparatus.
17. To study the variation of reflection coefficient on nature of termination using torsional wave apparatus.
18. To verify Lenz's law and study conductor interaction with a bar magnet falling vertically into the hollow metallic cylinder.
19. To study modulus of rigidity of a material as a function of temperature.
20. Any experiment according to undergraduate level physics theory.

#### **Course Learning Outcomes :**

1. Demonstrate proficiency in using various components and instruments required for conducting experiments.
2. Apply theoretical concepts of mechanics to design and execute experiments.
3. Analyze experimental data using appropriate mathematical and statistical techniques.
4. Interpret experimental results and draw conclusions based on data analysis.
5. Develop skills in accurately measuring physical quantities and recording experimental observations.
6. Communicate experimental procedures, results, and conclusions effectively in written reports.
7. The lab experiences will foster critical thinking, problem-solving abilities, and the application of theoretical knowledge to real-world scenarios.





**B.Sc. - Physics**  
**Semester - IV**  
**Paper (X) - Statistical Physics**  
**(DSC HPHY 401, Credit Theory 03, Lectures 45)**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 54

Note: There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

Part A of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

Part B of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
IV	DSC HPHY 401	Statistical Physics	6	03
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Forty five Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of the course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of statistical physics inclusive of kinetic theory of gases, transport phenomenon of gases, classical statistics & quantum statistics. The course aims to develop their knowledge and skills in analysing and solving problems related to these topics, using appropriate mathematical formalism and physical concepts.			

**Unit - I : Kinetic Theory of Gases**

Distribution law of molecular velocities, Most probable, Average & RMS velocities, Energy distribution function, Experimental verification of the Maxwell velocity distribution, Principle of equipartition of energy. (10 Lectures)

**Unit - II : Transport Phenomenon of Gases**

Transport Phenomenon : Mean free path, Distribution of free paths, Coefficients of viscosity, Thermal conductivity, diffusion & their interrelation. (10 Lectures)

**Unit - III : Classical Statistics**

Validity of classical approximation, Phase space, micro- & macro-states, Entropy & thermodynamic probability, Monoatomic ideal gas, Barometric equation, Specific heat capacity of diatomic gas, Heat capacity of solids. (12 Lectures)

**Unit - IV : Quantum Statistics**

Black body radiation & failure of classical statistics, Postulates of quantum statistics, Indistinguishability, Wavefunction & exchange degeneracy, A priori-probability, Bose-Einstein statistics & distribution function, Plank distribution function & radiation formula,

Fermi-Dirac statistics & distribution function, Contact potential, Thermionic emission, Specific heat anomaly of metals, Nuclear spin statistics (Para- & Ortho-hydrogen).

(13 Lectures)

#### Reference Books/Text Books

1. Thermal Physics by Kittel, Publisher: San Francisco: W.H. Freeman.
2. Statistical and Thermal Physics by S. Lokanathan & R. S. Gambhir, Publisher: PHI Learning.
3. Thermodynamics & Statistical Physics (Hindi) by Dr. Arvind Jain, Devi Ahilya Prakashan.
4. Statistical Physics by Berkeley Series Vol. V, Publisher: McGraw Hill India.
5. Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics by F. Reif, Sarat Book House.

#### Suggested E-Resources :

1. MIT OpenCourseWare: Statistical Physics - This resource provides lecture notes, problem sets, and solutions for a complete course on statistical physics : <https://ocw.mit.edu/search/?q=statistical%20physics>
2. HyperPhysics - This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in statistical physics : <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/quantum/disfcn.html>

#### Course Learning Outcomes :

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understand the concept of kinetic theory of gases, energy distribution function & Maxwell's equation.
2. Experimental verification of Maxwell velocity distribution & principle of equipartition of energy.
3. Explain the transport phenomenon of gases, mean free path, distribution of mean paths, viscosity & diffusion.
4. Explanation of thermodynamics in the framework of statistical approach.
5. Formulation of classical statistics to form phase space, micro- and macro-spaces, thermodynamic probability, monoatomic ideal gas & heat capacity of solids. Understand classical statistics and its validity. Study phase space, microstates, macrostates, thermodynamic probability, and entropy.
6. Formulation of quantum statistics & explanations.
7. Postulates of quantum statistics, wavefunction, exchange degeneracy, Bose-Einstein & Fermi-Dirac statistics, Planck distribution function.
8. Learn about quantum statistics, including Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac distribution laws. Calculate the thermodynamic functions of weakly and strongly degenerate gases.
9. Analyze the behavior of an ideal Bose gas and derive Planck's law.
10. Study the flux of radiation energy, radiation pressure, and the thermodynamic functions of an ideal Fermi electron gas.
11. Understand the free electron model for metals, the spectrum of metals, Richardson's equation of thermionic emission, relativistic Fermi gas, and the Chandrasekhar mass limit for white dwarf stars.
12. Understand the concepts of contact potential & thermionic emission, nuclear spin-states.





## B.Sc. - Physics

### Semester - IV

#### Paper (XI) – Electronics & Solid State Devices (II)

(DSC HPHY 402, Credit Theory 03, Lectures 45)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 54

Note: There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

Part A of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

Part B of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
IV	DSC HPHY 402	Electronics & Solid State Devices (II)	6	03
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Thirty Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of the course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of biasing in transistor, oscillators, operational amplifiers, feedback amplifiers, field effect transistors & digital electronics.			

#### Unit -I

Fixed and emitter biasing, Bias stability in transistor circuits, Feedback requirements for oscillations, Circuit requirement for oscillation, Basis idea of direct coupled and RC coupled amplifiers, Basic oscillator analysis, Colpitt and Hartley oscillators, RC oscillators.

(11 Lectures)

#### Unit -II

**Amplifiers with Feedback :** Concept of feedback, Positive and negative feedback, Voltage and current feedback circuits, Advantages of negative feedback- stabilization of gain by negative feedback, Effect of feedback on output and input resistance, Reduction of nonlinear distortion by negative feedback, Effect on gain- frequency response.

(11 Lectures)

#### Unit -III

**Operational Amplifier :** Differential amplifier, DC levels shifter, Operational amplifier, Input and output impedances, Input offset current, Applications : Unity gain buffer, Adder, Subtractor, Integrator and Differentiator.

(11 Lectures)

#### Unit -IV

**Field Effect Transistor and Digital Circuits :** Field Effect Transistor (FET) and its

characteristic biasing JFET, AC-operation of JFET and MOSFET, Binary arithmetic, Logic fundamentals AND, OR, NOT, NOR, NAND, XOR gates, Boolean theorems, Transistor as a switch, Logic gates : circuit realization of logic functions, Analog to digital and digital to analog analysis, DTL, RTL, TTL circuits. **(12 Lectures)**

#### Reference Books

1. Electronics Fundamental and Applications by John D. Ryder, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
2. Engineering Electronics by John D. Ryder, McGraw Hill Book Company , New Delhi.
3. Integrated Electronics :Analog & Digital Circuits And systems by Millman/Halkias :McGraw Hill Ltd.
4. Digital Computer Electronics by Albert Paul Malvino, Tata McGraw- Hill Pub. Co. Ltd. New Delhi(1983).

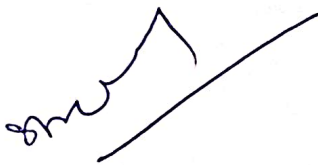
#### Suggested E-Resources :

1. MIT OpenCourseWare: Statistical Physics - This resource provides lecture notes, problem sets, and solutions for a complete course on statistical physics : <https://ocw.mit.edu/search/?q=statistical%20physics>
2. HyperPhysics - This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in statistical physics : <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/quantum/disfcn.html>

#### Course Learning Outcomes :

By the end of the course, students should be able to :

1. Basic understanding of concept of oscillators.
2. Concept and electronics of different types of oscillators of Colpitts and Hartley oscillators, RC oscillators.
3. Basic understanding of operational amplifiers, characteristics in form of inverting, non-inverting, adder, buffer and difference amplifiers.
4. Basic understanding of applications of operational amplifiers in form of integrator, differentiator, multiplier and divider, voltage to current and current to voltage convertor.
5. Concept of feedback and feedback amplifiers, effect on frequency gain response.
6. Introduction to field effect transistors (FETs), metal-oxide-semiconductor field effect transistors (MOSFET) and voltage-current responses.
7. Learning of digital circuits and related theories.





## B.Sc. - Physics

### Semester - IV

#### Paper (XII) - Mathematical Physics & Special Theory of Relativity (II)

(DSC HPHY 403, Credit Theory 03, Lectures 45)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks : 54

Note: There will be two parts in end-semester theory paper.

Part A of the paper shall contain ten short answer questions and the candidate is required to attempt any seven questions. Each question will carry 2 marks for correct answer. (7 x 2 marks each = 14 marks)

Part B of the paper will consist of four questions one question from each unit with internal choice.

Each question will carry 10 marks.

(4 x 10 marks each = 40 marks)

Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
IV	DSC HPHY 403	Mathematical Physics & Special Theory of Relativity (II)	6	3
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Lecture, Forty Five Lectures including diagnostic and formative assessments during lecture hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of this course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of mathematical physics in the framework of Lorentz transformation, translation between frames of references, relativistic electrodynamics & boundary value problems. The course aims to develop a strong foundation in the principles and concepts of mathematical physics, and their applications in describing the physical theories.			

#### Unit - I : Lorentz Transformation & Four Vector Formulation

Special theory of relativity, Lorentz transformation & rotation in space-time, Time-like & space-like vector, World line, Macro-causality, Space-time diagram, Four-vector formulation, Four velocity, Energy-Momentum four-vector, Relativistic equation of motion, Invariance of rest mass, Orthogonality of four force & four velocity, Lorentz force as an example of four force, Transformation of four frequency vector, Longitudinal & Transverse Doppler's effect.

(11 Lectures)

#### Unit - II : Relativistic Dynamics

Transformation between laboratory & center of mass (CM) system, Four momentum conservation, Transformation from C-frame of reference to L-frame of reference, Kinematics of decay products of unstable particles & threshold reaction : Pair production, Inelastic collision of two particles, Compton effect.

(11 Lectures)

### Unit - III : Relativistic Electrodynamics

Law of conservation of charge & equation of continuity, Lorentz transformation of charge & current densities, Electromagnetic potential, Lorentz transformation of four potentials, Electromagnetic field tensor, Lorentz transformation of an electric field & magnetic field, Description of Maxwell's equations in tensor form. (11 Lectures)

### Unit - IV : Boundary Value Problems

Techniques of separation of variables & application to following boundary value problems :  
(i) Laplace equation in 3D cartesian coordinate system - line charge between two earthed parallel conducting plates.  
(ii) Laplace equation in spherical coordinate system - electric potential around a spherical surface.  
(iii) Helmholtz equation in circular cylindrical coordinates - cylindrical resonant cavity.  
(iv) Wave equation in spherical polar coordinates - the vibrations of a circular membrane.  
(v) Diffusion equation in two-dimensional cartesian coordinate system - heat conduction in a thin rectangular plate. (12 Lectures)

### Reference Books/Text Books

1. Mathematical Physics by V. Balakrishnan, Published by Ane Books; 1<sup>st</sup> Edition.
2. Mathematical Physics by H. K. Dass, Published by S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
3. Mathematical Physics by Satya Prakash, Published by Sultan Chand and Sons.
4. Mathematical Physics by A.K. Saxena, Published by Narosa Publishing House.
5. Mathematics For Physicists by A. Altland & J. von Delft, Cambridge University Press.
6. Mathematical Methods In The Physical Sciences by Mary L. Boas, Wiley.
7. Mathematical Methods by M. C. Potter & J. Goldberg, Prentice Hall Pvt. Ltd.
8. Mathematical Methods For Physicists by Arfken, Weber & Harris, Elsevier.
9. Schaum's Outline of Mathematics For Physics Students by Michael Stone & Paul Goldbart.

### Suggested E-Resources :

1. Britannica : Mathematical Physics - This resource offers lecture notes, assignments, and exams for a complete course on mathematical physics : <https://www.britannica.com/science/fractal>
2. Study.com- This online resource provides concise explanations and interactive simulations for various topics in mathematical physics : <https://study.com/academy/lesson/mathematical-physics-overview-application-concepts.html>

### Course Learning Outcomes :

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understanding of Lorentz transformation and four vector formulation.
2. Understanding of transformation between lab and center of mass reference systems.
3. Understanding of relativistic electrodynamics.
4. Understanding of separation of variables.
5. Applications of separation of variables to boundary value problems of (i) Laplace equation in three-dimensional cartesian coordinate system, (ii) Helmholtz equation in circular cylindrical coordinates, (iii) Wave equation in spherical polar coordinates, (iv) Diffusion equation in two-dimensional cartesian coordinate system and (v) Laplace equation in spherical coordinate system.





**B.Sc. - Physics**  
**Semester - IV**  
**Physics Practical Lab (IV)**  
**(DSCP HPHY 411, Credits Practical 06, Practical Hours 180)**

**Max. Practical Marks = 150 Marks**

**Internal Exam = 60 Marks**

**External Practical Exam (Duration : 3 hrs.) = 90 Marks**

**Note: Out of the following experiments, 12 experiments must be done by the students in the semester.**  
**(12 hrs. per week)**

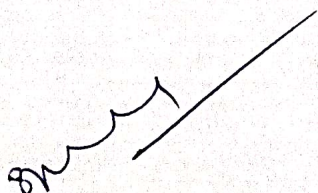
Semester	Code of The Course	Title of The Course/Paper	NHEQF Level	Credits
IV	DSCP HPHY 411	Physics Practical Lab (IV)	6	6
Level of Course	Type of The Course	Delivery Type of The Course		
Introductory	Core	Practical, One Hundred & Eighty Hours of Practicals including diagnostic and formative assessment during practical hours.		
Prerequisites	Physics and Mathematics courses of Central Board of Secondary Education or equivalent.			
Objectives of The Course :	The objective of the physics lab-IV, with the mentioned experiments, is to provide students with hands-on experience in conducting experiments related to electronics. The lab aims to reinforce theoretical concepts learned in the classroom, develop practical skills, and enhance the understanding of physics principles through experimentation.			

**DSCP HPHY 411 : Physics Practical Lab (IV)**

The inclusion of new experiments should be intimated and approved by the Convenor, Board of Studies before the start of the academic session. It is binding to have an experimental set-up of at least ten experiments listed below. In case the number of experiments performed by the student is less than eight, his marks shall be scaled down in the final examination on a pro-rata basis. Laboratory examination paper will be set by the external examiner out of eight or more experiments available at the center.

**List of Experiments : Semester - IV**

1. To construct a half-wave rectifier using single diode and analysis of ripple factor and efficiency.
2. To construct a half-wave rectifier using L &  $\pi$  section filters and analysis of ripple factor and efficiency.
3. To construct full wave/bridge rectifiers and analysis of ripple factor and efficiency.





4. To construct full wave/bridge rectifiers using various filter circuits and analysis of ripple factor and efficiency.
5. To study characteristics of a given transistor PNP (common emitter, common base and common collector configurations).
6. To study characteristics of a given transistor NPN (common emitter, common base and common collector configurations).
7. To study analog to digital (A to D) conversion in digital electronics
8. To study digital to analog (D to A) conversion in digital electronics.
9. To measure the inductance of a coil by Anderson's bridge experiment.
10. To study the working of a De-Sauty bridge & to compare the capacitances of two capacitors.
11. Plot of thermoemf versus temperature of hot junction constant and determination of neutral temperature using Cu-Fe thermocouple.
12. To determine the speed of sound in air by standing wave method using speaker, signal generator, microphone & CRO (2-beam oscilloscope).
13. To determine the power factor ( $\cos\phi$ ) of a given coil using CRO.
14. To determine charge-to-mass ratio ( $e/m$ ) by Thomson's method.
15. To determine the speed of sound in air by standing wave method using speaker, signal generator, microphone & CRO (2-beam oscilloscope).
16. Any experiment according to undergraduate level physics theory.

#### **Course Learning Outcomes:**

Through these experiments, students will develop practical skills in experimental techniques, data collection, analysis, and interpretation. They will also enhance their understanding of fundamental concepts and principles in electronics. The lab experiences will foster critical thinking, problem-solving abilities, and the application of theoretical knowledge to real-world scenarios.

