# S.S. JAIN SUBODH P.G. COLLEGE, JAIPUR

#### VALUE-ADDED COURSE

COURSE TITLE: INDIAN KNOWLEDGE SYSTEM

NODAL DEPARTMENT: DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

COURSE CODE: 23VAC 5108T

#### MARKING SCHEME

Tutorial (Hours)	Time Allowed ESE (Hrs)	Course Credits	Total Marks	End Semester Exam (Max. Marks)	Assignment	Minimum Marks
30	2	2	50	35	15	20

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Creating awareness amongst the youths about the true history and rich culture of the country
- 2.Understanding the scientific value of the traditional knowledge of Bhārata;

## **COURSE CONTENTS:**

Main Religious Ideas and Institution of India — Vedic religion, Buddhism, Jainism, Vaishnavism, Shaivisim, Sufism, Bhakti Movement. significance of Ramayana, Mahabaharata and the Puranas. Educational ideas and Institutions through: Ancient Indian Education: Jain & Buddhist. Characteristics of Indian Art. Harappan sculptures and seals. Mauryan Pillars and Mathura Art and Gandhara Art.

(15 Hours)

The stupas of Sanchi, Rock cut Art – Ajanta and Ellora. The brief study of temples at Abu, Khajuraho, Orissa, Pallava and Chola temples, Mughal architecture, paintings, Ancient Indian scientific traditions; idea of universe, creation, space and time. Astronomy and Mathematics-contributions of Aryabhatta, Varahamihira and Brahmagupta. Science in 19th Century onwards. Tradition of Ayurveda –contribution of Charaka and Susruta. Social Religious Reform Movement of 19<sup>th</sup>-20<sup>th</sup> century.

(15 Hours)

### SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. G.C. Pande: Foundations of Indian Culture, Vol I and II.
- 2. G.C. Pande: Bharatiya Parampara ke mula Swara (in Hindi), New Delhi 1993
- G.C. Pande: Bharatiya Samaja Tattvika aur Aitasika Vivechana (in Hindi), New Delhi, 1994.

- 4. R.G. Bhandarkar: Vaishnavism, Saivism and other Minor Religious Systems.
- 5. N.K. Devaraja: Bharaiya Darshana (In Hindi), Lucknow, 1963.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1.Students will gain knowledge of the historical development of various Indian knowledge systems, including their origins, evolution, and impact on contemporary society.
- 2. Analyze the philosophical underpinnings of Indian knowledge traditions, including key concepts in Indian philosophy, metaphysics, and epistemology.

(Prof. K. B. Sharma)

Principal

Head of the Department